

# FIERCE BATTLE

## In Which Japan Riddled the Vladivostok Fleet

### Naval Fight of Five Hours Was Won by Japanese Admiral

#### Russia Formally Protests Against Seizure of a Gunboat at a Neutral Port—Armistice Reported Agreed Upon at Port Arthur—British Steamers are Searched.

Washington, August 15.—(Bulletin)—A report today received by the State Department that another naval battle is in progress at Port Arthur. It is stated that the Russian warships driven back to Port Arthur after the last engagement with the Japanese made another dash for liberty early this morning. The fleet left on guard by Admiral Togo intercepted them and the battle was on when the report to the government here was sent.

Chefoo August 15.—A telegram was received from what is considered a very reliable source today stating that a general attack on Port Arthur by the Japanese was begun at 4 o'clock this morning. It is believed here that this will be the final assault.

Chefoo, Aug. 15.—A rumor which cannot be confirmed, is current here that the Russian cruiser Novik has been sunk.

Tokio, Aug. 15.—The Japanese saved 450 of the crew of the Russian cruiser Rurik, which was sunk during the battle north of Tsa Island, by fleet of Admiral Kamimura.

Tokio, Aug. 15.—Japan has gained complete mastery of the sea and the whole country is rejoicing over the glad tidings. Vice Admiral Kamimura encountered the Russian Vladivostok squadron at dawn Sunday, north of Tsa Island, in the Strait of Korea, and attacked the enemy at once. The battle lasted for five hours, and resulted in a complete Japanese victory. The Russian cruiser Rurik was sunk and the cruisers Rossia and Gromobol fled to the northward, after having sustained serious damage.

Vice Admiral Kamimura cables the navy department that the injuries inflicted upon his vessels were slight.



VICE ADMIRAL KAMIMURA.

The fate of the crew of the Rurik is not known. It is presumed that many of them were killed or drowned. The strength of the fleet under Vice Admiral Kamimura is not known, but it is presumed that he had the Adsuma, Idsumo, Iwate, Takashino and other light cruisers.

In the fight of Aug. 10 the squadron under Admiral Togo was practically uninjured. The battleship Mikasa suffered the most, but she continues on the fighting line. The cruisers Yakumo, Nishin and Kasuga also were hit, but temporary repairs already have been made and they are fully serviceable.

#### RUSSIA PROTESTS

##### Against the Seizure of the Gunboat, Czar's Plea.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 15.—Foreign Minister Lamsdorff instructed M. Neldoff, the Russian ambassador at Paris, to request that France, on behalf of Russia, shall lodge a strong protest with the French minister at Tokyo, M. Harmand, against what is described as an outrageous violation of Chinese neutrality and of universally recognized principles of international law, involved in the Japanese attack on the Russian torpedo-boat destroyer Ryesshitelni in a neutral harbor. The foreign powers have also been informed of the Russian declaration, and the Russian minister at Peking, Paul Lessar, is charged to protest to the Chinese government with reference to

the serious consequences the violation of neutrality which she has permitted may entail.

#### To Return the Boat.

London, Aug. 15.—The Chefoo correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, under date of Aug. 13, says: "Admiral Sah states that the Japanese promised to return the Ryesshitelni today."

#### Losses of the Japanese.

Tokyo, Aug. 15.—The following casualties have been reported on the Japanese side during the action of Aug. 10: The battleship Mikasa had four officers killed and 29 men severely wounded. Six officers and 29 men were slightly wounded. The armored cruiser Yakumo had one officer and 49 men killed, and one officer and 11 men wounded. On board the armored cruiser Nishin 10 men were killed and seven officers and nine men wounded. The armored cruiser Kasuga had two officers and 15 men wounded. Torpedo boat No. 33 had one man killed and eight wounded.

#### Germany's Position.

Berlin, Aug. 15.—The foreign office states that if the Russian ships which put into Tschingou, at the entrance of Kiaochow bay, the German concession, on the Shantung peninsula, do not make repairs and leave that port within the time allotted them, they will be detained there for the rest of the war. The commanders of the Russian vessels have been notified to that effect. The length of the time limit decided upon has not been disclosed here. The repairs to the ships must be made under strict surveillance by the German authorities as a guarantee that the work shall be confined to the making of the vessels seaworthy.

#### Attack on Port Arthur.

Liao Yang, Aug. 15.—The following further particulars of the Japanese attack on Port Arthur on July 26 are given by a Russian correspondent: "The Japanese on July 25 sent a summons to the fortress to surrender and served notice of their intention to storm. On the following morning at 6:30 they concentrated the fire of 120 guns on Green Hills. Many of their shells were filled with melenite, which gave off noxious gases. Their land guns were supplemented by the fire of the fleet, and the Japanese infantry moved forward to attack the right wing of the Green Hills position. There was a perfect cloud of shells, and the bombardment was the heaviest so far of the siege. During the day the Japanese artillery sent in from 25,000 to 30,000 rounds. The attack lasted utterly."

#### Czarevitch's Game Fight.

Chefoo, Aug. 15.—Details of the naval battle of Aug. 10 reaching here show that the Russian battleship Czarevitch made a remarkable struggle. When the battle opened six battleships on each side opposed each other on almost parallel lines in the vicinity of Round Island. The cruisers and torpedo-boat destroyers on both sides were ordered out of range. When the fight had been under way for some time the cruisers and smaller craft became engaged. Finally the Czarevitch was surrounded by four battleships and two cruisers. She endured hours of terrible fighting pluckily. The shell which killed Admiral Witthoff rebounded from the turret.

#### Followed the Admiral.

Chefoo, Aug. 15.—Captain Matousevitch, late Rear Admiral Witthoff's chief of staff, who was wounded during the Japanese attack on the battleship Czarevitch, has died of his wounds. Only one Russian torpedo boat remains at Tschingou with the Czarevitch. The Japanese demanded the departure of the Czarevitch, but the governor of Tschingou replied that the vessel would be dismantled.

#### Legation Notified.

Washington, Aug. 15.—The Japanese legation has received a cablegram from Tokyo saying: "Admiral Kamimura reports that our squadron, after five hours' severe fighting with the three ships of the Vladivostok squadron on the morning of the 14th in the mouth of Tschingou island, sank

## CONFESSION

### Of a Young Girl Who Admits That She Strangled Little Twin Babies.

Latrobe, Pa., Aug. 13.—Occupying a cell and charged with the murder of her twin babies, 17-year-old Annie Beth seems utterly unable to realize the seriousness of her position. Tears over her dead babies alternate with smiles at the novelty of her surroundings. The tragedy occurred Wednesday night at the home of an aunt, Mrs. Antonio Gudinski, at Bradenville. The girl came to this country from Suvalok, Russia, with her father, and settled in St. Louis. She there formed the acquaintance of John Shudo, who later deserted her. She came to Latrobe and engaged to marry Antonio Goblotski on Aug. 27. On Wednesday night last her babies were born. She said she tore up an apron and tied it tightly around their little necks, strangling them.

#### Kidnaped Italian Boy.

New York, Aug. 15.—Vincenzo Mannino, the Brooklyn contractor whose nine-year-old son was kidnaped, announced that he had information of a private nature as to the whereabouts of the boy. Mannino said that despite the fact that \$50,000 is demanded for the boy, not one cent will be paid, and that the boy will be returned unharmed. The police are ignorant of Mannino's plans.

#### Standard Oil Dividend.

New York, Aug. 15.—The Standard Oil company of New Jersey, has declared a quarterly dividend of five dollars a share. This is the same rate that was paid at this time last year.

## GRAND ARMY VETERANS AT BOSTON, MASS.

### Elaborate Program for the Week Arranged.

#### Smart Contest For Commander-in-Chief—Something Doing Each Day and Evening.

Boston, Aug. 15.—This city is entertaining the Grand Army veterans, the national encampment opening here today. The meeting is expected to be the largest in years. Arrangements for the week are complete. The city is extensively and handsomely decorated in honor of the occasion, and the Boston common and public gardens bear electrical illuminations of unusual brilliancy. Commander-in-Chief Black, accompanied from Washington by members of his family, was given a rousing reception. In connection with the meetings of the Grand Army there will be held the annual gatherings of the National Woman's Relief corps, the National Daughters of Veterans, the National Sons of Veterans, the National Ladies' Aid society, auxiliary to the Sons of Veterans; the National Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic, the National Association of Naval Veterans and the National Association of Ex-Prisoners of War.

Much interest centers in the choice of the new commander-in-chief. For this office there are already several prominent candidates, including General Wilmont V. Blackmar of Massachusetts, Colonel John C. Shotts and Colonel Allen C. Bakewell of New York. The annual meetings are expected to last through Thursday.

The meetings and reunions of the various organizations will continue until Saturday. The feature of the week will be the parade of the Grand Army men on Tuesday, when it is expected from 20,000 to 40,000 veterans will be in line. Another parade looked forward to with great interest is that arranged to mark the opening of encampment week. This parade will be made up of about 1,000 Sons of Veterans of Massachusetts; the members of the associations of ex-prisoners of war, Mexican war veterans, the state naval brigade, the League of Spanish War Veterans, marines and jacksies from the United States warships now in the harbor, and several regimental associations, making about 5,000 men.

At the Hotel Vendome Monday night the Woman's Relief corps will give a reception in honor of Commander-in-Chief John C. Black of the Grand Army of the Republic and all members of that organization. In the evening there will also be a camp fire by the Union ex-prisoners of war. On Tuesday evening the mammoth camp fire of the Grand Army will be held in Mechanics' building. William M. Olin of this state will preside, and arrangements have been made to receive 10,000 people. On Wednesday the Woman's Relief corps of the Grand Army of the Republic, the Sons of Veterans, the Daughters of Veterans and other associations will hold their annual business sessions.

Door knockers are now fastened to up-to-date bedroom doors in England. They are considered both useful and ornamental.

## DISPUTE

### Between Turkey and United States Is Settled After an Eight-Hour Conference.

Constantinople, Aug. 15.—The issues between Turkey and the United States were arranged to the satisfaction of both governments. A conference between Minister Leishman and Izet Pasha, secretary of the palace, and Nedjib Melham, assistant minister of public works, occurred at Mr. Leishman's summer residence at Therapia and lasted eight hours, during which Izet Pasha exchanged communications with the palace. In the course of the discussion the Turkish delegates attempted to impugn the character of some of the schools and contested the American claim to be granted certain privileges given to similar French institutions. Mr. Leishman, however, firmly refused to consider for a moment any suggestion of discrimination, and insisted on a full acceptance of the American list of about 300 schools, hospitals, charitable institutions and missionary dwellings filed with the porte 18 months ago.

## BIENNIAL

### Encampment of Knights of Pythias—Great Crowds Arriving at Louisville, Ky.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 15.—Thousands of members of the Uniform rank, Knights of Pythias, have arrived in Louisville to be present at the biennial encampment, which opened here today. The Kentucky brigade of 600 was on escort duty. Divided into committees the Kentuckians met each train and piloted the arriving Pythians to the tented city at Shawnee park, where accommodations have been prepared for 20,000 people. Next to Kentucky in number of men was Massachusetts, with 450; Tennessee and Pennsylvania came in with 300 each; California with 90 men was among the first to arrive, and will be the last to get away; Virginia sent 100; Colorado has a good delegation; Michigan 140, Illinois 150, while Ohio, Wisconsin, Iowa, Texas and Washington are well represented.

## NOTIFICATION

### Of Nomination of Senator H. G. Davis All Ready For the Event—Mr. Davis' Party.

Elkins, W. Va., Aug. 15.—Everything is in readiness for his formal notification so far as Vice Presidential Candidate H. G. Davis is concerned. Shortly after 12 o'clock Monday, accompanied by a party of his family and friends, he left for White Sulphur Springs in his private car Graceland. With the ex-senator were his brother, Colonel Tom Davis of Keyser; his son-in-law and daughter Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Lee; National Committeeman John T. McGraw and sister of Gratton; the Misses Sheridan of Mount Savage, Md.; Mrs. R. C. Kerens and daughter, Miss Glaves, and Secretary Charles S. Robb.

#### Alaska Cable Nearly Finished.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 15.—The cable United States steamship Burnside is laying from Sitka, Alaska, south is completed to within 150 miles of Cape Flattery. The Burnside returned to this port for 300 tons more of cable, enough to complete the line. Colonel James Allen, who is in charge of the work, says with favorable weather the cable can be finished in two days after the Burnside picks up the buoyed end. The vessel will go north again in about a week.

#### Cantrill Victorious.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 15.—Judge Cantrill was re-elected as the nominee for appellate judge of the Democratic state central committee. His opponents, John D. Cantrill and M. C. Santley, yielded gracefully to the decision of the committee, and made speeches pledging their hearty support to the nominee.

## ARMENIANS

### Attacked By Turks and Kurds Took Hard in Battle—Two Villages Destroyed.

Constantinople, Aug. 15.—A band of Armenians has been attacked by Turkish troops in the village of Schamrun, five hours' ride north of Bittlis, Asiatic Turkey. Kurds are alleged to have taken part in the attack. Two villages are reported to have been destroyed.

#### Tragedy on the Potomac.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Ten persons were drowned as the result of the capsizing of the naphtha launch Recreation on the Potomac river, off Georgetown, during the annual Potomac regatta. All were from this city.

One of the new streets in Berlin has been named for Pasteur, the noted Frenchman.

## TEXT BOOK

### Of the republican Party Has Just Been Issued By Managers of Campaign.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Tariff, property, labor, wages and prices, trusts, the Panama canal, Cuba and Cuban reciprocity, expansion and its results, the investigations of the postal and land frauds and punishment of offenders, rural free delivery, irrigation, the record of the Republican; these are the leading subjects discussed by the Republican text book of 1904, which is just about to be issued. The book also contains a sketch of the life and work of President Roosevelt and of Senator Fairbanks, a discussion of conditions in the island territories of the United States, a series of chapters on the work of each of the executive departments during the terms of Presidents McKinley and Roosevelt, and a chapter on the investigations into the postal frauds.

#### Serious Railway Wreck.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 15.—One man was killed and about 40 other persons injured in a passenger wreck on the Tennessee Central railroad, 70 miles east of here. Westbound passenger train No. 2, from Knoxville to Nashville, and in charge of Conductor W. H. Beeland, was making the descent of Silver Point hill, between Buffalo valley and Silver Point, Tenn., when a flange of a wheel on a truck of the rear car broke, derailing the last two coaches. One of them turned completely over and both were badly wrecked. W. S. Purnell, Knoxville, traveling for a Philadelphia house, was instantly killed.

## O. N. G. TROOPS ARE GATHERING NEAR ATHENS, O.

### Water Famine is Feared at Soldiers' Camp.

#### Gen. Dick and Staff Arrive at Division Headquarters, Followed By Governor Herrick.

Athens, O., Aug. 15.—The water supply is reported limited at the camp of the Ohio National Guard and a famine is feared. One well has been condemned on account of impurities, and it is believed that the supply will be very short, especially at the Second brigade headquarters, near Beaumont, under the command of General William V. McKinley. The water supply obtained from the artesian wells is thought to be pure, but the quantity will soon be exhausted, it is said.

All the soldiers are expected to be in camp by Tuesday night. Practically all the time will be devoted to maneuvers, and but little time will be given to making a pretty appearance. The roughness of the country will afford the soldiers an excellent opportunity to display their power of endurance.

General Dick arrived here from Columbus and is now at division headquarters, about a mile west of the new station of Herrick. Accompanying General Dick were Adjutant General Critchfield and Colonel Wright of Alcon. Governor Herrick is expected this evening.

#### Charged With Arson.

Urbana, O., Aug. 15.—William Davidson, Ira McCrosby and Charles Pond have been arrested on warrants sworn out by Detective E. A. Curry of Cincinnati, on the charge of arson. During the past two years many barns and residences in the northwestern part of Champaign county have been burned to the ground, and the residents in that vicinity have been terrorized. The prisoners are prominent residents of Rosewood, a small village. Eight barns and other property to the value of \$15,000 have been burned during the past few months.

#### Cuban Giant Slain.

East Liverpool, O., Aug. 15.—Charles ("Doc") Howard, one of the original colored Cuban giants, was almost instantly killed by Lottie Skiles, who was rooming at Howard's house. According to the woman's story Howard struck her in the face and then started for a revolver. She reached the weapon first and shot him through the head.

#### Was Despondent.

Watson, G. A., Aug. 15.—Miss Rose Gilder, 67, of Colburn, this county, committed suicide by hanging. Despondency is the supposed cause.

## CLOAK MAKERS ARE NOW ON STRIKE

Cleveland, Aug. 15.—Two thousand cloakmakers went on a strike here this morning as a result of the refusal of their demands for higher wages and closed shops. All Cleveland shops are open shops and Cleveland stands next to New York in the cloak making industry.

# LEWIS P. SCHAUS

## Replies to Statement Made by James F. Lingafelter

### In Caustic Terms Mr. Schaus Refers to the Former Cashier

#### Statements Are Quoted from Lingafelter's Signed Card and Are Then Answered—Mr. Schaus Pays a Tribute to the Late Receiver Mr. W. G. Taafel.

Mr. Lewis P. Schaus, who was referred to in the article signed by Mr. J. F. Lingafelter last week, gave the Advocate the following statement over his own signature today:

I have refrained from saying anything through the newspapers in regard to the failure of the Newark Savings Bank, although I have been importuned on several occasions to do so, as I do not believe in newspaper controversy over such matters, but Mr. Lingafelter in his reply to Receiver Stasel's report, makes such unwarranted statements in regard to certain loans, made by him, (in attempting to shoulder the blame on others) that I deem it my duty to make a statement to the public.

In the first place, I have known Mr. Lingafelter for almost thirty years, and for half of that time have been associated with him in a business way. I have always had the greatest confidence in his honesty and integrity, and that confidence was not shaken until the Monday previous to the closing of the bank, at which time he told me a point blank lie in regard to the condition of the funds of the bank which I did not discover until the following day. Tuesday, when I was called to his house by telephone I was told that Mr. Lingafelter was upstairs in bed, sick, and could not be seen, at the same time I was also told that they were short of funds in the bank, and I was requested to go to Columbus and make a temporary loan, which I declined to do.

As this information in regard to the funds of the bank did not correspond with what Mr. Lingafelter had told me the day before, I immediately called upon Mr. Taafel and Mr. Miller and stated to them what I had learned. We at once began an investigation of the condition of the bank and continued same until Friday morning, May 20th, at which time we thought that by losing our stock, we could make the bank pay out. Previous to this time, during our investigation, a director of the Peoples National bank had made overtures looking to the merging of the Newark Savings Bank into the Peoples National bank, they to take over all our business, pay our depositors, and collect our drafts and other credits, we to guarantee them against loss. This arrangement was almost completed, when we discovered at three o'clock Friday afternoon that we had overlooked a part of the certificates of deposit, which made the liabilities much greater than we anticipated, this discovery making it impossible for us to merge with the Peoples bank. We then sent for an attorney and had the papers prepared for the appointment of a receiver. On Friday morning, pending the negotiations with the Peoples bank, we secured a temporary loan of \$10,000 from them to tide us over until the deal could be completed. This amount was returned to the bank Friday evening when we found we could not carry through the merger.

In regard to Mr. Lingafelter's reply to Mr. Stasel's report in which he says: "I want to say to the public I am only one man in this bank. All loans were made by the discount committee, or in regular meetings of the board of directors present, who approved all loans made. I simply took the applications and the discount committee or board of directors acted on same. Mr. Schaus, during the bank's existence, desiring to take the lead on

all loans, has proved disastrous. It is true that I made some very small loans on my own responsibility to some honest, hardworking men. They were always paid, and I feel those outstanding, will be paid."

In answer to the above, I want to say, that until within the last three or four years, Mr. Lingafelter made all the loans and never consulted any one except when it pleased him to do so, or until he got into trouble with some one. He was in fact, the only one man in the bank. He permitted overdrafts and never consulted the directors about them, and in many cases concealed the facts from the directors. Some three or four years ago and placing all applications for loans I insisted on procuring a record book thereon, to be passed on by the discount committee before the loans were made, but in more than 75 per cent of the applications placed on that record, for the approval of the committee, the loan had been made, and the money paid out before the committee got to see the application. This record book is what he refers to, when he says that "Mr. Schaus, during the bank's existence, desiring to take the lead on all loans was proven very disastrous."

I defy Mr. Lingafelter, or any borrower of money from the bank, to come forward and show that I ever made one loan of the bank's funds to any person, and yet according to Mr. Lingafelter I took the lead on all loans.

Whenever I had an opportunity and was called upon to pass on a loan, I did so, but it was on none of the loans that assisted in getting the bank in its present condition.

The next matter referred to is the Lane Bros. indebtedness to the bank, in which he says "Why should the Lane Bros. loss be shown \$10,000 when the true amount is \$27,136.25." The directors have been trying ever since the Lane Bros. failure was settled in the courts to get a statement from Mr. Lingafelter as to what the bank's loss was, but were never able to do so. At one time I questioned him very closely and asked him if the loss would exceed \$12,000, he replied that it would be about that. Now he says to the public that it is \$27,136.25.

Mr. Lingafelter says, "Why should this be charged to me, when it was approved of and allowed by the board of directors?" Mr. Schaus had stock in the plant. I had no stock in it. For this reason the loans to them must be allowed. Mr. Schaus did not wish to lose his stock, the consequence is shown."

In regard to the above, the loans made to the Lane Bros. were never presented to the board of directors for approval. I never approved one of them, nor asked to have them approved. In fact I warned Mr. Lingafelter time after time not to make them any loans, as he would get caught, and yet he insinuates that because I had stock, the loans to them had to be made. It does not look reasonable that I should jeopardize my bank stock (of which I owned seven times the amount that I did in the Bridge Works) by making them large loans, and at the same time knowing that the Bridge Works was in bad shape financially. When the Newark Savings Bank was organized in 1890, and took over the business of Mr. Lingafelter's private bank, and before I owned any stock in the Lane Bros.

(Continued on Page 8.)



## When Young Archibald Was Roused

By C. B. LEWIS

Copyright, 1904, by C. B. Lewis

"He is too lazy even to flirt with me!" It was Miss Hattie Graham, U. S. A., traveling with her father in the east and just at that time at a hotel in Smyrna, who spoke the above words with contempt in every inflection. Six weeks previously they had met young Archibald Weston, son of Sir Wallace Weston, who was also traveling, or rather dawdling, over the country. He had been friendly for an Englishman; but, although David Graham was a millionaire and entitled to "Hon." before his name and Miss Hattie was under twenty, handsome, vivacious and an heiress, there hadn't been the slightest attempt even at a flirtation. Young Weston was a good looking fellow of twenty-four and not at all a cad, but it was too much trouble for him to flirt or make love. He was languid, he was lethargic, he was a drowner and a dreamer. He would reply, "Aw, yes," and "Aw, no," and now and then "don't know," but he would sooner listen than talk and sooner sit in a deck chair, with a pipe in his mouth, and gaze at the moon or at the clouds than to promenade the deck with one of the best looking girls he had ever seen. He said she was, but he said so to himself and yawned after saying it.

Miss Graham was not flinging herself at any man's head, and she wasn't dying for a flirtation, but it was a new thing in her experience to find a man bored with her presence. She could see many good points in the Englishman, but on the whole she had a feeling of contempt and showed it plainly. He on his part took pains to conceal the fact that he didn't care much what her opinion was. One night while steaming among the islands she was in the mood to speak her mind.

"Mr. Weston, you are young, rich and in good health, and you ought to be making a mark in the world for yourself. Instead of that you are a drowner in the life. Even to live from day to day seems to bore you. Do you think it possible that even an



HE DELIBERATELY HURLED THE STICK AGAINST THE BIG ROCK.

earthquake would arouse you from your morbid indifference for ten minutes?"

"Bah Jove, Miss Graham, but I couldn't really say, don't know," he drawled in reply, thus making the longest speech she had ever heard from his lips.

It happened that young Weston's route was the same as the Gramahs', but he did not reach Smyrna with them. He overslept at the hotel at Bondron and missed the steamer and "happened" to catch one three days later. His arrival at the hotel at last had been carelessly announced to Miss Hattie by her father and had called forth the remark befitting the man and the occasion.

"No, not much hustle to him," replied the father as he looked in a disgusted way at his ill tasting cigar.

"Hustle!" exclaimed the girl. "Why, I'll wager that if he stays in Smyrna for a week he won't move a hundred feet from the hotel. I wish I could bribe a boy to explode a cannon fire-cracker under his chair."

Had she wagered she would have lost. Three days later, when father and daughter drove out to the foothills of the mountain range to the east to see the tomb of Xerxes or somebody else of equal renown, they were followed in a second carriage by young Weston. True, the scenery had no interest for him, and the flies permitted him to dose most of the way, but he actually got out of the carriage when the tomb was reached and put up his eyeglass to study the epitaph. He did more. He got a lunch basket and a bottle of champagne from his carriage and with a great effort forced himself to say:

"Now then, don't know, luncheon goes with this."

So did something else—something not put up at the hotel and brought along. The three were picking at the luncheon when four Turkish brigands, who had the necessary amount of fens, dirt and rags to render them romantic, came out of the bushes and made the scoop of the season, two millionaires and a good looking girl and not a shot fired

nor a hand raised. The vehicles drove off with a great clatter to give the victims the impression that the drivers feared for their lives or liberty, and the captives were ordered to get up and walk. It was all very sudden, and the outlook was a bad one, but instead of hysterics Miss Hattie gave her attention to young Weston. Here was something that ought to arouse him and make good the record of his race, but he was not aroused—that is, he was only aroused enough to remark:

"They might have waited till we had finished our luncheon, bah Jove, but I suppose we'll have to go along with them."

And so they did. Mr. Graham fretted and Miss Hattie was annoyed for the fellows, but young Weston was undisturbed. Even the brigands, who had gobbled up all sorts and conditions of men before, winked at each other and wondered what sort of fish they had landed this time. We all know how brigands work their rackets. They are out for the money and do not ill treat their captives. A walk of ten miles brought them to a wretched camp among the rocks and trees, and the captured were made as comfortable as circumstances would permit. The cooking was rude, the fleas plentiful and the demeanor of the brigands anything but high toned, and after a wretched night a palaver was called. The captives couldn't speak the Turkish language, and the brigands couldn't speak the English, but in an hour or two a satisfactory conclusion had been arrived at. It was to be \$50,000 for the girl, the same for her father and a like sum for young Weston, all rated at 1 and no discount for age, sex or previous condition. Letters were written to the American and English consuls in the city, and as the money could be easily raised it looked as if the captives would be restored after four or five days' detention.

On the second morning of their stay a peasant boy came into camp with a strange burden—strange to him and to the brigands. The contents of the basket were sticks of dynamite, which had in some way been lost on their journey to a marble quarry three or four miles away. The boy had brought his find to be examined and perhaps purchased, but as the brigands knew nothing of the stuff they had no use for it. The four sat around the morning campfire and handled the sticks and wondered over them, and strolling down that way from the huts on higher ground young Weston saw and recognized the dangerous explosive. Not only that, but he took a stick in his hand and sauntered back and said to Mr. Graham:

"Bah Jove, but I've an idea. You and Miss Graham keep within doors for a few minutes."

He turned away before he could be questioned, and walking back to within twenty feet of the fire he deliberately hurled the stick against the big rock at the brigands' backs. There was a flash, a roar, an earthquake, and a quarter of an hour later the dawning young man opened his eyes to find Graham and his daughter bending over him. He had been buried a hundred feet, but was only bruised.

"It must have gone off, don't you know," he said as he sat up.

"Yes, it did," replied Graham. "If you meant to wipe those brigands off the face of the earth you've done it, and we all came near going to."

"Bah Jove!"

"Well, Mr. Weston, you have experienced an earthquake," said Miss Hattie, "and can you tell me whether it actually roused you out of yourself?"

"It may have, Miss Graham—it may have, but I'll think the thing over after getting back to town and let you know, don't know!"

### Stage Drivers of Early Days.

Speaking of stage drivers reminds one of the glory of stages, which reached its crowning point when rival lines ran between Sacramento and Virginia City—six magnificent horses to each coach, the coaches the finest possible, the horses compared with every ornament which could be added to enhance their beauty.

The driver, in a bearskin coat and cap, with bearskin gauntlets, was a sovereign in his way. No matter what the grade was, no matter how fierce the blizzard or how deep the snow, he carried things through on schedule time. He cared nothing for snowslides or high water, and his ruling idea was that he must make the station ahead of the opposition line.

In this work there were a dozen men, each with a personality of his own and all with a perfect art in their hands and their brains which made them sovereigns, and the locomotive that succeeded them did not very much increase the time which some of them made. Each had his friends, his champions; each was greatest in his sphere among a certain crowd, but they were altogether great. The like of them was never before and never will be again.—Salt Lake Tribune.

### The Kaiser in the German States.

Outside Prussia, his own kingdom, the Kaiser is, strictly speaking, a foreigner. Should he visit Hamburg he is a foreign guest of the burghmaster, who rules Hamburg as a monarch and is reckoned with the sovereigns of the German states. Similarly whenever the Kaiser visits the courts of his allied sovereigns of Bavaria, Wurttemberg, Saxony and so on he is a guest, not a proprietor. His relations with these kings are only those of a chairman toward his fellow directors.

The Kaiser only has free entrance to the other states in his capacity of commander of the army, and he is able to travel anywhere as a general, but not in Bavaria, where he holds no such command. Bavaria is therefore to all intents and purposes foreign soil to the emperor, though it is included in the German empire.

### A NATTY SERGE GOWN.

Very Chic and Practical For All Sorts of Water Wear.

Charming as are the linens, muslins and crinoline of the moment, when it comes to river, shore and yachting necessities, the practical merits of wool are not open to question; for which reason the unusually admirable model here submitted is worthy of consideration.

Simple though it is, the style and attractiveness of this frock in cream color



BOATING OR YACHTING GOWN.

ored serge are undeniable. Moreover, it gives the opportunity of displaying one of the smartest new skirts that have made an appearance for outing purposes. This skirt is fashioned in three pieces and, while fitting closely to the waist, flows out from six inches below into ample folds round the feet, a model peculiarly admirable when yachting gowns are coming under consideration. For, however much we may delight in voluminous skirts, gauged, corded and gathered round the waist, on shore, their appearance, to say nothing of their comfort, would be extremely doubtful for any water wear.

The skirt boasts a little, very little, fullness in the center back, which is merely gathered to the waist, the gathering occupying about two inches either side of the center when drawn up. No darts are required to fit the skirt to the waist, this end being accomplished by skillful sloping.

The skirt is shown adorned by rows of braid or stitched bias bands of cloth, similar decorations appearing on the wrists and around the pretty sailor collar.

The coat bodice is likewise simple in the extreme, slightly pouched back and front and set into a fairly deep pointed band. The fronts are thrown open with a modified sailor shape to display a V shaped vest of guipure, which may, however, be alternated with any lawn or lace confection.

### A Crown Roast.

A crown roast adds attractiveness to the table on a hot day. This roast, which consists of rib chops trimmed and skewered together, with the meat side down, will need only a short time to cook—just enough to brown properly. The center may be filled with rice potato or green peas.

### Outing Styles.

Two things approach in combined smartness and sense the sporting costume pictured here, with its adjustable collar that can be worn flat or, as the two buttons hint, turned up and closed at the throat.

The coat also can be worn as sketched or with the belt carried over the



SPORTING FASHIONS.

front, or if dispensed with altogether the affair loses nothing of its symmetry.

The model of a new motor coat sketched in a navy herringbone serge with leather collar and buttons a shade or so lighter in tone.

### Spots and Stains.

Mildew spots on linen should be dampened and rubbed with soap and fine chalk powder.

Wine stains in linen may be removed by holding the stained article in boiling milk.

Fresh fruit stains will usually yield to boiling water poured directly upon them.

## PLAYING THE SPY

[Copyright, 1904, by T. C. McClure.]

While Sheridan and Early were facing each other in the Shenandoah valley a Federal soldier named Sid Davis was sent into the lines of the latter to secure information. He took with him a peddler's pack and claimed to be a civilian and a resident of Virginia, and his excuse for not being in the Confederate army was that he was physically incapacitated by heart disease. On penetrating the enemy's lines he was taken before General Early, who questioned him at length and seemed satisfied with his answers. As he left the tent, however, he encountered a private soldier who was lying in wait for him and who shook a fist in his face and said:

"Say, Yank, yo' fooled the general, but yo' can't play it over me. Yo' are a dogged Yankee spy, and I'll prove it before yo' leave camp!"

The Confederate was a rough specimen of the soldier, having a saber cut across his face and an aggressive manner of speech, but why he should display such malevolence toward a stranger Sid could not make out.

"Are you drunk, or what, that you call me a Yankee spy?" blustered Sid as three or four of the man's comrades came up and seemed inclined to make trouble.

"No, I'm not drunk, and I saw yo' in the Union camp at Charlestown last spring when I was a prisoner of war there," was the answer.

"Nonsense, man. If you have got any charges to make against me, go to the general. If he is satisfied that I am all right, it's not for you to kick."

"I say yo' are a Yankee spy, and I say I'll prove it and have yo' hung!" growled the man as he and his comrades sauntered off.

Sid picked up his pack and found a place to lodge and next morning began peddling his goods through the camps. The rest of his adventures is told in his own language:

"By haggling with customers over prices, and by hanging to the goods as long as possible, I made them last me two days. In that time I had made close figures on every branch of Early's command, and had also got a good idea of the strength of his position. I had secured all I came for and was ready to return and report, but officers stopped me by the dozen to send messages to friends in Washington or ask that I make purchases for them. I was handed upwards of \$5,000 in Confederate money, and though I would have no chance to return it, it was no gain to me. The whole sum would not have purchased a bottle of ginger ale of a Union sutler."

"As to the man with the saber cut, I had seen him two or three times during the two days, and I knew that he was trying his best to work up a suspicion against me. Some of the soldiers asked me a few questions, but most of them were satisfied that I was what I claimed to be. I learned that the man went to General Early and stated his case, but as I was not sent for the general could not have taken much stock in what he said."

"I had intended to creep out of the Confederate lines in the darkness of night, but observing that the camp sentinels and pickets had been doubled and having met with such good luck in playing my role, I decided to go to the general and ask for a regular pass. I did not find him, but his adjutant general promptly handed me the paper, and just at sunset on the second day I left by the same road I had entered. I had no writing of any sort about me, and if stopped and searched there was nothing to incriminate. What information I had secured was all carried in my memory, and I had no fear of forgetting any of it."

"No one questioned the pass until I came to the last picket post. There were four men on this post, and one of them was he of the saber cut. As he realized that I was escaping his clutches he threw his hat on the ground and shouted:

"I don't keer if he has a hundred passes! I tell yo' he is a Yankee soldier and a spy, and do rot him he can't git by me!"

"The other three men, one of whom was a corporal, protested that they had no right to stop me, as the pass was all right and not to be questioned at any post, and I spoke softly in hopes of placating the man, but he grew still more fierce and handled his musket menacingly and shouted:

"He's shorely got to go back to camp with me. I kin tell the general how to trap him. About face and forward march or I'll put a bullet into yo'!"

"Of course I refused to go back, and in this I was stoutly supported by the three others, two of whom had purchased goods of me the day before and been very friendly over it. They argued and protested, and just when I was hoping that the man with the saber would calm down he suddenly drew up his musket with the intention of shooting me in my tracks. As the weapon came up one of the men sprang forward and struck it upward, and another seized the man. Just how it was done I could not follow, but the musket was discharged, and the heavy ball struck the fellow under the chin and tore the greater part of his face away. He was dead in thirty seconds, and his comrades were bending over his body with looks of horror on their faces when I hurried away down the road. Had they insisted on my going back to camp with them and aiding them to make the tragedy clear to the officer of the day I should no doubt have fallen under suspicion and perhaps met the fate meted out to spies."

M. QUAD.

## EXCURSION NOTICES.

Very Low Rates to Columbus, Ohio—August 29 to September 2, inclusive, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company will sell excursion tickets from all local stations in Ohio to Columbus, Ohio, at rate of one fare plus 25 cents for the round trip, account Ohio State Fair, good for return until September 2, 1904.

Very Low Excursion Rates to San Francisco, Cal.—August 15 to 27, inclusive, and August 28 to September 9, inclusive, the Baltimore & Ohio will sell excursion tickets at extremely low rates to San Francisco, Cal., account Triennial Conclave, Knights Templar, and Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., good for return until October 23, 1904.

Very Low Rates to Louisville, Ky.—August 13 to 16, inclusive, the Baltimore and Ohio will sell excursion tickets from all local stations west of the Ohio River to Louisville, Ky., at rate of one fare plus 25 cents for the round trip, account Knights of Pythias Biennial Encampment. Tickets will be good for return until August 31, 1904, but may be extended until September 15 by deposit with Joint Agent and payment of 50 cents.

Low Rates to Points in the South and Southeast, West and Northwest.—On first and third Tuesdays of May, June, July, August, September, October and November, 1904, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company will sell Homeseekers' excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates to points in the South and Southeast, West and Northwest.

Very Low Rates to Mountain Lake Park, Md.—August 1 to 29, inclusive, the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company will sell excursion tickets from all local stations west of the Ohio River to Mountain Lake Park, Md., at very low rates for the round trip, account Mountain Chautauqua Meeting. Tickets will be good for return until August 31, 1904.

To St. Louis.—The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad will sell excursion tickets from Newark, Ohio, to St. Louis, Mo., account of the World's Fair at the following rates:

Tickets good for the season, returning any time to December 15th, will be sold every day at \$19 for the round trip.

Tickets good returning within sixty days, not later than December 15th, will be sold every day at \$16 for the round trip.

Tickets good returning within fifteen days will be sold every day at \$14 for the round trip.

Each excursion ticket, with return limit of seven days, will be sold twice a week, every Tuesday and Thursday, during the months of July, August and September, at \$9.55 for the round trip. Coach excursion tickets are restricted to day coaches, whether on regular or special trains.

Low Rate Excursion to Atlantic City, N. J., and Other Seaside Resorts.—In order to give its patrons an opportunity to visit the seashore at a nominal cost, the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company will sell low-rate excursion tickets to Atlantic City, Ocean City, Cape May and Sea Isle City, N. J., and Ocean City, Md., on Thursday, August 18, 1904.

Atlantic City, N. J., the most popular of the hundred or more resorts along the Atlantic Coast, is pronounced the finest watering place in the world. This great American Seashore Resort has kept pace with the times and prospered. The hotels have grown in number and size. Prosperity and popularity are with it.

The surf bathing which has made Atlantic City famous is one of the wonders of the world. The sight during bathing hours defies description; men, women and children in bathing costumes of varied hues form a picture to be seen only at Atlantic City.

Aside from the seaside features, Atlantic City has amusements of every kind. Great iron piers extend hundreds of feet into the ocean. Each pier has its summer theater and band stands, and for a nominal price one can enjoy the comfortable chairs of the pier and listen to the music of the bands throughout the entire day, if he so wills it.

The proximity of Atlantic City to all the big central and western cities, by reason of the excellent through train service of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, makes it the resort of the masses.

Tickets will be available on all regular trains, and will be good for return twelve days, including date of sale, thus giving ample time for an enjoyable outing. Stop-over within limit of ticket will be allowed at Philadelphia, Pa., and Washington, D. C., on return trip.

Missouri Pacific Railway & Iron Mountain Route Excursion Rates to the West and Southwest.

Round Trip Summer Tourist Rates.—To Pueblo, Colorado Springs, Denver, Greenwood Springs, Salt Lake City, Ogden and Yellowstone Park, on sale daily until September 20th.

Portland, Oregon, and return—On sale August 15th to 18th, final return limit October 23rd.

San Francisco, Los Angeles and Return—On sale August 15th to September 10th, final return limit October 23rd.

Home Seekers' excursions.—To certain points in the west and southwest. On sale first and third Tuesdays in August, September, October, November

and December, final return limit of twenty-one days.

Special Round Trip Home Seekers' Rates.—August 3th and 23rd, September 13th and 27th to Oklahoma Indian Territory, Arkansas, Texas and Louisiana.

One Way Colonists Rates.—To California, Washington, Oregon, New Mexico and Arizona.

Special Round Trip Excursions to Hot Springs, Ark.—Tickets on sale every Wednesday and Saturday of August and September. Write for rates literature, etc., to A. A. Gallagher, D. P. A., No. 412 Walnut street, Cincinnati O.

## EXCURSION NOTICES

To St. Louis World's Fair at approximately one cent per mile via Pennsylvania Lines—World's Fair excursion tickets to St. Louis will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines at approximately one cent per mile each Tuesday and Thursday until September 29th, valid in coaches of through trains, good returning within seven days. These are the lowest fares at which World's Fair excursion tickets to St. Louis are sold. Fifteen day tickets, sixty day tickets, and season tickets sold daily at reduced fares, good in sleeping or parlor cars with required Pullman tickets. For full information consult J. L. Worth, Ticket Agent, Pennsylvania Lines, Newark, Ohio.

Labor Day Fares.—Pennsylvania Lines—September 5th excursion tickets will be sold from all ticket stations on the Pennsylvania Lines to any station on those lines fifty miles or less from selling point. Return coupons good until September 6th. Inquire of Pennsylvania Lines Ticket Agents for further information.

Special Fares to Bowerston via Pennsylvania Lines.—August 16th and 17th, excursion tickets to Bowerston (return of the 126th Regiment, U. S. A.) will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines from Steubenville, Newark, and intermediate stations.

Low Fares to Columbus—Excursion tickets to Columbus, account Ohio State Fair, will be sold August 29th to September 2, inclusive, from all stations on Pennsylvania Lines in Ohio. For further information consult Ticket Agents of Pennsylvania Lines.

Low Fares to Louisville—Excursion tickets to Louisville, Ky., account K. of P. Biennial Encampment, will be sold over Pennsylvania Lines August 12th to 16th, inclusive. Information regarding fares and time of trains may be ascertained from Pennsylvania Lines Ticket Agents.

Low fares to California—August 15 to 27, inclusive, excursion tickets to San Francisco and Los Angeles, account Triennial Conclave Knights Templar, and Aug. 28 to Sept. 9 inclusive, account Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines. For full information regarding fares, routes, etc., apply to Local Ticket Agent of those lines, or to L. B. Freeman, District Passenger Agent at Columbus, O.

Vogels minstrel's tonight.

Koryak women of Northwestern Siberia, having no carriages in which to convey their offspring, resort to the ingenious method of dropping the tiny creatures into blanket bags which are tightly strapped about the mothers' necks.

Emperor William recently had conducted before him and in great secrecy, a series of experiments with a new war kite equipped with a newly perfected system of wireless telegraphy. The inventor is a German-American professor living for the present in Havre.

A piece of raw beef weighing 100 pounds after being roasted weighs only 67 1-2 pounds.

## A. N. BANTON

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR AND SUPPLIES

Ceiling and desk fans. No. 49 N. 3d st. with Sayre, the plumber. Citizens' phone, office 107; res. 564.

## DR. R. A. BARRICK

DENTIST.

Three specialties, good advice, first class work, and moderate charges. If you want good work, one trial is all I ask. Work and charges warranted to be satisfactory. Vitalized air administered for extracting teeth without pain.

Office: 19 1-2 North Third St., Newark

John David Jones. Roderick Jones. JONES & JONES, Attorneys at Law.

Practices in all the courts, both State and National. Prompt attention given to wills, conveyancing and administrators and guardians accounts, and all litigation.

No. 14 Lansing House Block, Newark

DR. F. PRIEST,

Veterinary Surgeon,

58 South Fifth Street.

All calls promptly attended to. Dentistry and Surgery a specialty. Both Phones.

E. M. P. BRISTER, Attorney at Law, Newark.

Office in room formerly occupied by Joel M. Dennis, northwest corner West and Third streets.

## Dr. J. T. Lewis, DENTIST.

Office—New Phone 818, 42 1-2 North Third St.; Res. Old Phone 403.

Teeth extracted without pain. Work guaranteed. Office hours 8 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m. Open Wednesday and Saturday evenings 7 to 8. Other evenings by appointment only.

DR. A. W. BEARD, DENTIST.

Office Hours 8 to 11:30; 12:30 to 5 p. m. Up-to-date methods in dentistry. Filling, Crowning and Bridge Work and Plates of all kinds. All work guaranteed. Extracting a specialty, and as near painless as possible. Gas and Vitalized Air used when desired.

27 Gracefield street, Old phone, 301. Office First stairway north of Carroll's dry goods store, North Third street.

DRS. CORKWELL & SCOFIELD, OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS

THE AVALON,

Rooms 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Suite 5.

Both Phones. . . . Newark, Ohio.

DR. HARRY E. HUNT, HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, Newark, Ohio.

RESIDENCE—No. 56 North Second street, New phone 2 on 1022; Old phone, Main 66.

OFFICE—Room H, Lansing Block, New phone 1022.

S. M. HUNTER, ROBBINS HUNTER, HUNTER & HUNTER, Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law, Newark, Ohio.

Will practice in Licking and adjoining counties in all the courts, county, state and United States courts. Special attention given to collections and the writing of deeds, wills and contracts of all kinds, and to the business of administrators, executors and guardians in the Probate Court.

OFFICE—Hunter & Jones Block, West Side of Public Square, New phone 173.

WALDO TAYLOR, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Newark, Ohio.

Will practice in County, State and Federal Courts, and give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care. Special attention given to business of Executors, Administrators, Guardians, and Assignments and Partitions of Real Estate.

Office over E. E. Estate office, North Side Public Square.

R. R. Time Cards

PENNSYLVANIA LINES. (In Effect Sunday, May 11, 1904.)

EASTWARD.

2-Daily ..... 1:35 a.m.  
10-Daily ..... 8:27 a.m.  
26-Express Car Line ..... 8:45 a.m.  
6-Daily ..... 1:05 p.m.  
32-Daily except Sunday ..... 6:00 p.m.  
32-Sunday only ..... 1:20 p.m.  
28-Daily ..... 8:20 p.m.

WESTWARD.

25-Daily ..... 12:40 a.m.  
21-Daily ..... 5:40 a.m.  
33-Daily except Sunday .....



## LOCAL NEWS

## LEADING EVENTS TOLD IN A FEW LINES.

## A Summary of the Principal News of the Day in Newark and Vicinity.

Mother of Mrs. McGee of Orchard street badly hurt by a fall.

Fred Freyer, injured by a train, died Saturday evening. His father, grandfather and uncle have all met with distressing accidents.

George Clouse's son, aged 10, fell from bridge 26 feet to creek, escaping serious injury.

Fast time on B. & O. Columbus to Newark made Sunday evening.

Rev. James H. Gardner, former Newark pastor, died suddenly from heart disease at Delaware while returning from a fishing trip.

Saturday's game of eleven innings, Newark 7, Steubenville 6; Sunday, Newark 9, Steubenville 2.

David Powers' barn near Melgen, Irvin Yost's sheepbarn and Leroy Fulk's sheepshed near Thornville struck by lightning.

Bright prospects for new East Newark Catholic church.

B. & O. Engineer James Bourner, injured; toes cut off.

L. P. Schaus replies to ex-Cashier Lingafelter's published statement.

Infirm inmate becomes insane and vicious.

Thos. Spicer files reply to his wife's divorce petition.

Leo Prior injured.

Mrs. J. W. Sasser's sister dies of injuries at Columbus.

## INJURIES

## SUSTAINED BY MRS. J. KEERAN PROVED FATAL.

Sister of Mrs. J. W. Sasser Died Monday at Columbus—Burial Here Wednesday.

Mrs. James Keeran, who was injured at her home in Columbus last week by falling off the roof of a house, where she was hanging clothes to dry, died early Monday. The remains will be brought here from Columbus, and the interment will be made in Cedar Hill cemetery Wednesday. The deceased was aged about 40 years, and was a native of Newark. She leaves a husband and one son, besides a sister, Mrs. J. W. Sasser, wife of the Sanitary Policeman.

Hachiman, the god of war in Japan, strange to say, loves a dove, a bird symbolical in the West of peace and not of war.

## NOTICE TO BUSINESS MEN AND ORGANIZED LABOR.

The statements made by the Newark Warehouse and Storage company are all false and untrue. They have not complied in any way with the Draymen's Union. One of their drivers has been suspended and expelled for the nonpayment of dues. The other one was recommended and endorsed by one of the proprietors, John A. Chilcote. The only "sorehead" in the matter is one of the firm, who was on the arbitration committee with the stone and brickmasons strike of last summer, Ben B. Jones.

We again beg to say that it is not a union firm and not employing union men. Respectfully submitted,

DRAYMEN AND EXPRESSMEN  
LOCAL UNION, NO. 401, Newark, Ohio. 8-15-dit

## HEALTHY PLANTS

Require the Most Careful Attention as Well as Good Soil.

Did you ever see a rosebush which—despite the most beneficent environment of soil—of sunshine—and of atmosphere—seemed never to achieve a healthy growth.

A ton of manure will not help a plant that has a canker eating out its heart.

You must destroy the cause before you can remove the effect.

You cannot cure Dandruff and Baldness by rubbing on hair lotions, and rubbing in vasoline, etc.

You must look to the cause of the trouble—it's a germ at the roots of your hair which causes it to fall out.

Newbro's Herpicide destroys the germ, and healthy hair is the sure result.

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

C. T. Bricker, Special Agent.

## PARKER OPPOSED TO MORMONISM

## Committee of Women Request Democratic Candidate to Take Up Question of Polygamy.

Esopus, N. Y., August 15.—A delegation representing the Inter-Denominational Council of Women for Christian and Patriotic Service, consisting of Mrs. Darwin R. James, of Brooklyn; Mrs. Margaret Dye Ellis, of Newark; Mrs. M. J. Gilderslee, of Brooklyn, and Mrs. E. S. Bennett of Englewood, N. J., called on Judge Parker to discuss the anti-polygamy question with him. They gave to Judge Parker a complete copy of the testimony in the senate investigation of the Senator Reed Smoot case, which the judge was asked to read. While he did not promise to discuss the question of Mormonism in his letter of acceptance, it is known that he approves of the anti-polygamy plank of the St. Louis platform, and will give it consideration before concluding his letter.

## PUZZLED OVER WISCONSIN

## La Follette and Spooner Heard By Representatives of Cortelyou.

Milwaukee, August 15.—Representatives of the Republican National Committee, acting for Chairman Cortelyou, have received statements at first hand in regard to the Wisconsin situation. Both Senator Spooner and Gov. La Follette were in Chicago Monday and saw the national leaders. La Follette, it is said, declared that the only condition of peace he would accept is that he be given absolute control for this State.

It is said the conferences gave the National Committee representatives the impression that the Wisconsin fight is beyond their control and that they had better keep hands off simply following the National Convention action of recognizing the Spooner State Central Committee for the conduct of the campaign in Wisconsin.

## PASSENGER

## FELL FROM TRAIN GOING 60 MILES AN HOUR.

## Trainmen Expected to Find the Man Dead But He Escaped With Slight Injuries.

A remarkable accident occurred Sunday on the Midland division of B. & O. near Cook Station, which seems almost unprecedented. August Serig, of Benwood, a member of Co. 28, U. S. R. K. P., got on Conductor John Doyle's fast B. & O. passenger train at Benwood on Sunday to go to the Louisville encampment. Several Knights were in the baggage car talking while the train was running 60 miles an hour. When the train was just west of Cook Station, Serig lost his balance and fell headlong out of the door of the baggage car. The occupants of the car supposed the man was killed or seriously injured. The train was stopped and backed to where the man had fallen off. Instead of finding the man a corpse, they found Serig sitting up on the railroad bank, dusty and bloody, but not seriously injured, and ready to resume his journey to Louisville.

The cure of alcoholism by properly fitted eyeglasses has been declared pacificable by Dr. Chalmers Prentice of Chicago.

## The English Veldt.

The London papers tell many stories about Oom Paul Kruger, most of them familiar, but there is a characteristic one, which is new, about his visit to England. Americans traveling in England are exasperated by the warning, "Trespassers will be prosecuted," which confronts one everywhere in the rural districts of England. On one occasion during his visit Mr. Kruger said: "The houses in England are very fine, but I find no happiness on your veldt. I go right away from London and sit down under a tree on the veldt to smoke, but before I get two whiffs up comes some one who says the land is his and he does not want me there. No, there is no freedom on your veldt."

## THE SICK.

Leonard W. Store, who has been quite sick for the past two weeks, is slowly recovering.

Wm. M. Cunningham is convalescing from his recent severe illness.

## Vogel's minstrels tonight.

"Itching hemorrhoids were the plague of my life. Was almost wild. Doan's Ointment cured me quickly and permanently, after doctors had failed." C. F. Cornwell, Valley street, Sanger, N. Y.

## PEOPLE HERE AND THERE

Dr. A. P. Bell of Zanesville, was the guests of Newark relatives Sunday.

Alva Rinehart of Utica, was in Newark Saturday.

The Misses Mame and Anna Prior visited relatives in Zanesville last week.

Mr. O. S. Gilbert and wife left Saturday evening for a two weeks visit at St. Louis and the World's Fair.

Mrs. I. J. Denny and son, Charles, have returned from Barnesville, after a short visit.

Miss Edna Dorsey of Nashport, spent Sunday with Miss Lulu Fairall of East Main street.

Miss Zuehne and Dolores Garrett of Chillicothe, have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Putnam, for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. William Deardurff, Mr. and Mrs. George Kates, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Deardurff and Louis Saver spent Thursday at McElroy.

Robert C. Lampton, one of Hope-well township's best citizens and Democrats, was in the city on business Saturday.

Charles Meek of this city, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Meek, at their home in Falls-bury township.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Sineky and family, of Croton, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mrs. J. W. West Main street.

Mr. Dennis Hickey, wife and sister-in-law, Miss Haven, are visiting Mrs. Hickey's mother, Mrs. Agnes Haven, on East Main street.

Mrs. John J. Merrell, of 17 Elanch street, left Friday night for Newark, where she will visit her mother.—Mansfield News.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Somers and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Somers, of Cleveland, who were here attending the funeral of Mrs. Augusta Thurston, have returned home.

Mrs. Joseph Workman and little baby of Newark, are guests of T. D. Blackburn and family on Spring street, South Side.—Cambridge Jeffersonian.

Mrs. D. L. Thompson and daughter, Estella, have gone to the summer resort at Waupaca, Wis. They will also visit their son and brother who lives at Stevens' Point, near the lake.

C. D. McDonald, a former well known Baltimore and Ohio conductor, is now running on the Mexican International railway with headquarters at Tereon, Mexico.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Perkins and mother, Mrs. Josie Perkins of Columbus, spent Sunday in the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Franklin, at their home on North Fourth street.

Miss Nellie H. Evans of Newark, Ohio, has been the guest of Mrs. Minnie Evans of Chapel street, Walnut Hills, the past week.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Mr. and Mrs. Arch Morrison of Chicago, after a three weeks' visit with relatives in this city, left Friday to spend a week with relatives in Newark.—Zanesville Times-Recorder.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Moore had the following persons as guests Sunday: Mrs. Frank Howard of Newark; Miss Lulu Moore of Newark; Mrs. John E. McMillen of Akron; Mrs. L. M. Stone of Akron; and Mrs. E. E. Moore of Newark.—Zanesville Times-Recorder.

Mr. Cliff Rosebrough, who with a force of men under contract of Mr. John Fischer, has been engaged in decorating the interior of the buildings at St. Mary's of the Springs, near Columbus, O., tendered upon request of several of the Sisters from Newark, an entertainment on last Thursday evening which was greatly enjoyed by the large number present. Mr. Rosebrough will be at the institution for some weeks yet.

Miss Virginia Knox and Miss Genevieve Wilson, accompanied by Mrs. Strong of Old Orchard, Michigan, and her niece, Miss Dewey, and son, Fred Strong, leave Monday for New York, from whence they will sail for France. Mrs. Strong will establish a home in Paris and her son, Fred Strong, will continue his studies. Miss Knox, Miss Wilson and Miss Dewey will travel about the continent, but will make their headquarters in Paris, where they will stay indefinitely. In New York the party will be joined by Surgeon General O'Reilly, U. S. A., who will also go to Paris.—Columbus Press.

H. G. Franklin went to Sandusky Sunday.

Matt Bausch, after spending several weeks with his family, left Saturday for Buffalo City, N. C.

Walter Dickinson and Warren Jones of the Everett glass works, went to Atlantic City Sunday.

Fred Bradlock and Fred Youse of the Everett glass works, spent Sunday in Columbus.

Mrs. S. C. Priest and Mrs. J. V. Hol-lard have gone to Lakeside, where they will remain for ten days.

Miss Grace Hall of Elyria, who has been visiting here for the past week, left for her home this morning.

Vol. Burdick of Granville township, has sold his fine gelding to Dresden parties.

Miss Iva Meredith of Thornville, who has been visiting Miss Roxana Allen, has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. John Reigger and sister left for Atlantic City Saturday evening.

George Johnson and Pat Downey have gone for a fishing trip to Detroit and Canada.

Dr. J. W. Rowles of Cambridge, who day with A. H. Marple and family of Thurston, has returned home.

G. F. Scott of Parkersburg, W. Va., is the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Milton R. Scott.

Among those who took in the excursion to Wheeling on Sunday were Eugene Smith, Louis Krebs, Stanley Ingman and C. J. Baker.

Mrs. Charles Harnes and daughter, Hazel, have returned from a week's visit with relatives and friends at Tellaire, O.

Nick Guckert of Omaha, Neb., and John Guckert have been called home by the serious illness of their mother at her home on North Fourth street.

William Sheridan, superintendent of the Mexican International railroad, will arrive home for a short visit tomorrow.

George B. Baker, interlocutor and genial press representative of Vogel's minstrels at the Auditorium tonight, was a caller at the Advocate office this afternoon.

Miss Nina Zimmerman and Misses Ada and Bessie Isaacs, who have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Kiefer, 37 North Fifth street, left for Upper Sandusky this morning. They were accompanied by Mrs. Kiefer and son, Roy, who will visit there for a week.

Mr. and Mrs. P. S. Phillips and two daughters, Lenora and Mabel, leave in the morning for St. Louis to attend the World's Fair. They will be joined by Mr. W. A. Hall and daughter Edna at Columbus. The party expects to spend a couple of weeks in the Fair City.

Mrs. D. L. Jones, Frank Bourner, Charles Bourner and Clarence W. Martin, who have been enjoying the splendid fishing at Brevort Lake, Northern Michigan, for the past ten days, returned home Saturday night. It is said that Mr. Martin was chased over two miles by a black bear.

## NOTICE WOODMEN.

Get your excursion tickets to Columbus, August 15, of the Forester team or clerk. A good time guaranteed. ate 50 cents. 8-15-dit

## FOR SALE.

Nine-acre farm, one mile from court-house, on Granville street; large house, heated with a furnace; fruit.

Two acres and a six-roomed dwelling; barn; just outside the corporation.

Eight and a quarter-acre, just outside of the corporation on good road, on the Panhandle railroad. Good location for a manufacturing plant; also, acreage joining the city on the east and west. Fred C. Evans, 35 1-2 West Main street Newark, Ohio. Frank H. Keenen, sales agent. 8-15-dit

## BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.

On Wehrle avenue, Boylston street, Buena Vista street, Ballard avenue Evans, street, Cedar street, Granville street, Gay street, Hudson avenue, Essex street, Marion avenue, Oakwood avenue, Prospect street, Penny avenue, Tenth street, Wing street, Woods avenue, Wilson street, North Fourth street, Smith avenue, Bowers street, Church street, Linden avenue Ohio avenue, Indiana street, Vine street, and Main street (west).

Prices from \$75 to \$1,100. Fred C. Evans, 35 1-2 West Main street Newark Ohio. Frank H. Keenen, sales agent. 8-15-dit.

## NEWS IN BRIEF

Licking Co. Fair, Oct. 4, 5, 6, 7.

## Six Jewett Cars.

A. J. Moore took six cars to Wheeling, W. Va., for the Jewett carworks.

## The Claggett Reunion.

The Claggett reunion will be held two miles south of Union Station on September 3.

## Dr. and Mrs. Larimore.

The condition of Dr. and Mrs. J. Larimore who are quite ill, is considerably improved at present.

## A Boy Baby.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Miller, at their home, 191 Cedar street, a baby boy. Mr. Miller is the night manager at the Heisey glassworks.

## Christian Union Church.

Every member of the Ladies' Aid of the Christian Union church is expected to be present at the meeting Wednesday at 2 p. m. to arrange for the picnic.

## Epworth League.

There will be a cabinet meeting of the East Main street league at the parsonage, Monday evening, and also the regular business meeting at the church Tuesday evening. All members are urged to be present.

## Vogel's Minstrels Tonight.

The Auditorium will open for the season of 1904-05 tonight under the new management of Johnson & Matthews. Vogel's minstrels will be the attraction.

## Electric Comedy Four.

The many friends in Newark of Charles E. Stutzman, will be pleased to know that he is "making good" on the vaudeville stage as a member of the Electric Comedy Four. It will be remembered that the four appeared at Idlewild Casino for a week in July.

## Home Guards.

Brother and Sister Robert Moran of the Home Guards of America, will entertain their brothers and sisters at an ice cream supper on Tuesday evening, August 16, at their home 381 Arlington avenue. All brothers and sisters, together with their friends will be given a hearty welcome.

## "Devil's Den."

Floyd Burdick, Arthur Handel, Harry Bowman, John Ballinger Sr. and John Ballinger, Jr., left this morning for Black Hand where they set up a two weeks' camp to fish and hunt turtles. If any of their friends happens along the C. & N. Z. please unload and call at "Devil's Den."

## Gosnell-Preston Reunion.

The annual Gosnell-Preston reunion was held Saturday in the Barrack grove, one mile west of Highwater. There was a good attendance present of representatives of both families and their friends. A grand basket dinner was served at noon, and in the afternoon a choice program of speeches, music, etc., was rendered. All present report having a grand, good time.

## Mail Carriers' Meeting.

The Licking County Rural Mail Carriers' association held a called meeting on Saturday evening and made arrangements for a banquet to be given to the delegates to the state convention of Rural Mail Carriers on Monday evening, August 29, at the Manhattan Hotel. They also transacted some other business of importance. Every carrier running out from the Newark office was present as were the carriers from Utica, Granville and Hebron. Two from Johnstown were present. Other carriers in the county are invited to send in their applications.

## Soldiers' Reunion.

The annual Licking county soldiers' reunion takes place at Black Hand on Thursday, August 18. This reunion is always largely attended, as it draws people from Licking, Muskingum and Coshocton counties. This year, however, the attendance is expected to be larger than ever, on account of the completion of the electric road between Newark and Zanesville, which passes Black Hand, and will afford much better facilities for going to the reunion and coming from it. Trains run both ways every hour and people attending the reunion will not be compelled to hurry in the morning to catch an early train to it or stay late in the evening to catch a train from it, as heretofore. A number of prominent speakers will address the old soldiers and a good time is expected.

For Sale—Five-room house at 197 North Fourth street. House to be moved from premises. Inquire at 187 North Fourth street. 15-43t

Wanted—Dining room girl. Apply to J. F. Poundstone, 71 North Fourth street. 15-43t

## Bad Blood

Pimples, rashes, eczema, boils, headache, nervousness, debility—these are some of the results of impure blood. Your doctor will tell you how Ayer's Sarsaparilla makes the blood rich and pure. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

## WHITE SEAL FLOUR

IS A PERFECT HIGH-GRADE FLOUR. ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT.

## SUMMER FOOTWEAR

ALL THE LATEST.

Linehan Bros.  
SHOES-HATS

## THE WANTS

Three Lines, 3 Times, 25 cents.

## WANTED.

Wanted—Dining-room girl. Tremont Hotel, 117 Union street. Phone 928. 15-43t

Wanted—Manufacturers and and apprentice girls. Apply at the Kirby Millinery Co., 135 North Fourth street. 15-43t

Wanted—Good girl or middle aged lady for housework; small family; no washing. Inquire, 114 North Fourth street. 15-43t

Wanted—An experienced dining-room girl. Apply at once at Turner's restaurant. 15-43t

Wanted—Girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. A. C. Davis, 194 Central avenue. 15-43t

Wanted—A washer woman; at the house. Call at 142 West Church street. 8-12-D-3t

Wanted—You to know that we can put new rolls on your wingers. We fix anything. Al Parkinson, 23 1-2 West Main street. Old phone, Union 653. 5-24dtf

Wanted—At once an experienced girl with reference; wages \$4 per week. Sparta Confectionery Co. 8-13-3t

Wanted—Washing to do. Call old phone, Union 939. 8-12-D-3t

Wanted—Modern house for family of three. Address J. E. box 98, Newark, Ohio. 8-13-D-3t

Wanted—Girl for general housework. Apply at once to 126 West Church street. 15-43t

## LOST

Lost—Lady's watch; solid gold hunting case, at Y. M. C. A. Athletic park or between there and Square. Liberal reward if returned to Y. M. C. A. 7-13t

Lost—Umbrella; Wednesday evening at Idlewild Park casino. Finder return to Louis Spees, 51 North street. 8-12-D-3t

Lost—Brown cloth belt from a cravatette between Hotel McElroy and Idlewild park. Finder return to Norton's book store and receive liberal reward. 8-12-D-3t

Stolen—Lady's wheel from Siskin's cigar shop. Party was seen and must return same or be prosecuted. 15-43t

Lost—On Saturday evening pair of gold glasses between the Powers-Miller store and Ninth street. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at Advocate, or corner of Fourth and Church street. 8-15-3t

Lost—The door from a carriage lamp. Finder please leave at Carroll's drygoods store and receive reward. J. J. Carroll 15-43t

Lost—Saturday evening, bunch of keys. Return to D. J. Simson, 26 West Locust street. 15-43t

A white-headed vulture taken in 1706 died in the zoological gardens at Vienna in 1821 thus living 113 years in captivity.

An old Massachusetts law makes it a misdemeanor to display a picture of George Washington under certain circumstances.

Trees transplanted at night are more likely to live than those transplanted in daytime.

## FOR SALE.

For Sale—2 new 5-room houses; price \$1,000 each; \$50 down and \$12 a month. J. R. Warner, 35 1/2 South Side Square. 12-D-6t

For Sale—Four room house on Beuna Vista street, near East Main street; shade and fruit; \$1,250. This advertisement will not appear again. NEWARK REAL ESTATE AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, 14 North Side Square, both phones.

For Sale—A second-hand go-cart and 15 or 20 yards of blue wool carpet filling, good as new. New phone 202. 8-13-D-3t

For Sale—Refrigerator, size 6 x 8. As good as new. Cheap is sold soon. Address letter to M. Wildin, R. D. 8, Newark. 7-9-d-4t

For Sale—We have just completed one more modern 6-room house on West Main street. The price and terms are right. Newark Real Estate and Improvement Co. Both phones. No. 14 North Side Square. 8-5dtf

For Sale—On long time, five houses, located at 236 Elmwood avenue, 269 and 271 North Fourth and two double houses at 264-265 and 267-268 North Fourth street. All bargains. Call on N. B. Wilkins or Rees R. Jones. 8-42-26t

FOR SALE—The Newark Real Estate and Imp. Co. offers houses and lots on the following streets: Dewey Ave., 5 rooms, \$1,850. Eddy street, 5 rooms new, \$1,350. Hancock St., new, 7 rooms, \$1,850. Williams St., 6 rooms, new, \$1,700. East Main St., 5 rooms, lot 64x150 only \$1,100. Hudson Ave., 7 room cottage and barn, bath, furnace, etc., \$2,150. Evans St. North end, seven room, \$1,100. Columbia St., 5 rooms and barn, \$1,800. Ash St., new, 6 rooms and barn, \$1,700. West Main St., new 6 room, modern, \$2,000. Church street, 7 room house \$2,200. Hudson Ave., 4 vacant lots, \$325 to \$1,000 each. Brennan St., near Granville St., \$275, only \$5 down and \$1 per week. Evans St., \$300 on payments. Smith St., 3 lots, price right. Only a few more of those large lots in Idlewild Park addition at \$100 each, on payments of \$5 down and \$5 per month. A call at our office will convince you that we are on the ground floor and are headquarters for REAL ESTATE, Newark Real Estate and Imp. Co., 14 N. Side Square. Both phones. 10-4t

## FOR RENT.

For Rent—A brick house; all modern improvements. Inquire at 41 Pearl street. 8-



# THE NEWARK DAILY ADVOCATE.

Published by the  
ADVOCATE PRINTING COMPANY.

J. H. NEWTON, Editor.  
C. H. SPENCER, Associate Editor.  
A. H. PIERSON, Business Manager.

## TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Single copy..... 1 cent  
Delivered by carrier, per week..... 10 cents  
If paid in advance:  
Delivered by carrier, one month..... \$1.40  
Delivered by carrier, six months..... 2.25  
Delivered by carrier, one year..... 4.50  
By mail, strictly in advance, one year..... 2.50  
By mail if not paid in advance one year..... 3.00  
All subscribers who arrange to pay at the office are subject to a call from the collector if payment is not made when due.



## Democratic National Ticket.

For President,  
ALTON B. PARKER,  
of New York.

For Vice President,  
HENRY G. DAVIS,  
of West Virginia.

## DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

Secretary of State,  
A. P. SANDLES,  
of Ottawa.

Supreme Judge,  
PHILIP J. RENNERT,  
of Cincinnati.

Clerk of Supreme Court,  
PERRY MAHAFFEY,  
of Cambridge.

Dairy and Food Commissioner,  
QUINLAN M. GRAVATT,  
of Wooster.

Member of the Board of Public Works,  
JAMES H. PERSGIVON,  
of Springfield.

For Congress,  
J. E. HURST,  
of Tuscarawas County.

## DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET

Auditor,  
C. L. RILEY,

Sheriff,  
WILLIAM LINKE.

Recorder,  
J. M. FARMER.

Commissioner,  
J. E. BROWNFIELD.

Infirmary Director,  
J. C. MORRISON.

County Surveyor,  
FRED S. CULLY.

## "Stand Pat" is Now Obsolete.

Mark Hanna's former exhortation, borrowed from the vocabulary of the gambler, to his Republican friends, to "stand pat," while it may have had some force and appreciation when it was uttered, is now obsolete. This is so because the times and conditions have changed, so that "stand pat" is no longer appreciable to the present condition of affairs, and some new slogan will have to be invented if possible. The same condition of affairs no longer exists that prevailed when Mark Hanna made his famous utterance. Then there was a condition of apparent prosperity; men were generally employed at fair wages, and there was no indication of hard times. Now the reverse of all this is becoming more true every day. Times are tightened, and there is talk of a possible panic in the air. Wages are being reduced; hours of labor are being reduced; the working force has been cut down on many railroads and in many large manufacturing establishments, and as a consequence thousands of idle working men are seeking employment in vain all over the country, and the best citizens of the land fear that a serious condition of financial affairs is in the near future, if the present administration is continued in power. Voters do not care to "stand pat" with such a condition of affairs as this. Moreover, the personality of the administration has radically and entirely changed since Mark Hanna gave utterance to his famous saying. Then, President McKinley, as the head of the administration, was at least safe and conservative in following the leaders and consoling of the party, and in pursuing the well marked paths of party policy. He did not essay or attempt to set up a strictly personal administration, and his party and the public knew just what to expect from him. Now, under Roosevelt, no one knows what a day will bring forth. He is rash, impetuous, quixotic and impracticable. He makes his own personality and his own will the standard of measures and of men. Pursuing no fixed policy, asking no advice, respecting no counsels he arbitrarily

and recklessly plunges into any measure of policy that strikes his fancy. His course may upset the financial policy of his administration one day, or involve the country in war the next day. But it is all the same to him. His great aim seems to be to be sensational, spectacular and arbitrary. For these reasons the great business interests have no confidence in him. They do not consider him safe, and the conservative, cautious voters of the land do not care to "stand pat" to such a man and such an administration. Consequently the phrase is safely out of joint, and altogether useless in the present campaign.

## ALARM

Sent Republican National Committee  
From Connecticut and Rhode  
Island Regarding Conditions.

New York, Aug. 15.—National Committee Brookings has sent in a message of alarm to the Republican national headquarters regarding Connecticut and Rhode Island and will at the executive committee meeting, describe in detail the desperate situation in both those states.

Until Chairman Cortelyou pays his next visit to the Chicago headquarters he will devote himself particularly to reorganizing the forces in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Rhode Island.

Despite the positive assurances of Governor Odell that New York is all right, the Roosevelt managers are mightily worried. They purpose to keep the closest watch themselves, not only on the state but on Odell, lest the Presidential ticket may be sacrificed to make sure of a Republican Governor and Legislature, involving a successor to United States Senator Chamney M. Depew.

At the conclusion of a conference between National Chairman Cortelyou and Chairman Baile of the Republican Congressional committee it was announced that the National Committee would not interfere in the Spooner-La Follette factional strife in Wisconsin.

This case will be settled by the local organization and by the courts, where I understand it is now in process of adjudication," explained Chairman Cortelyou.

## SUDDEN

DEATH OF REV. J. H. GARDNER, A  
FORMER NEWARK PASTOR.

White Returning From a Fishing Trip  
He Was Seized With Heart Failure  
at Delaware.

Delaware, O., August 15.—Rev. Jas. H. Gardner of this city, formerly pastor of the First Methodist church, of Newark, died suddenly Saturday evening of heart disease. Dr. Gardner had been spending the afternoon on a fishing excursion in company with Dr. Buck and his son and C. Edmund Neil, a son-in-law.

While waiting for a car Dr. Gardner suddenly put his hand to his heart, and before any of the party realized what was the matter dropped dead.

He had been troubled with a weak heart for years, and the exertion of the afternoon and the huying for the car, it is thought, hastened the end.

Mr. Gardner was one of the most prominent members of the Ohio M. E. conference, and had held the best charges in that district. He was pastor of St. Paul's church of this city several years ago and was interested in the Lancaster camp meeting association.

He was 71 years of age and had resided in this city since his retirement. The funeral will be held from his home here Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. He leaves a widow and two daughters.

The arches under the new or Williamsburg bridge across the East river at New York are not only to be used as stalls for fish dealers and the push cart men, but six school rooms are to be fitted up under them for temporary use and to relieve the congestion existing in that crowded section of the city.

## EVERYTHING BUT THE ICE

In a package of JEL-O ICE CREAM POWDER, for making delicious ice cream. Simply add a quart of milk (or milk and cream mixed) to the contents of one package and freeze. No heating or fuss. This is the time of year when ice cream tastes better than anything else you can put on the table. Order to-day from your grocer. Two packages 25 cents.

## FIERCE BATTLE

(Continued from Page One)

the Rurik. The other two ships, which appeared to have suffered heavily, fled northward. Our damages are slight."

**Pounding Port Arthur.**  
St. Petersburg, Aug. 15.—A dispatch from Mukden states that the Japanese Port Arthur army has been largely reinforced and has taken up position in two large bodies, one on the heights between Lung Wang Tao and Pigeon bay and the other on the hills near Louisa bay. Guns have also been placed on the heights east of the Wolf hills.

**Russian Flag Lowered.**  
Tsingchow, Aug. 15.—The Russian flag has just been pulled down from the battleship Czarevitch and the three cruisers which took refuge here. The lowering of the colors was done in the presence of the German governor.

**Killed the Crew.**  
London, Aug. 15.—The Tokyo correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, in a dispatch dated Aug. 14, says: "The Numuro (Japan) Telegram states that Russian soldiers at Kamchatka massacred 87 of the crew of the Japanese schooner Teichi."

**Russia Protests.**  
St. Petersburg, Aug. 15.—Russia has drawn up a protest against the seizure of the torpedo-boat destroyer Ryeshitani by the Japanese, which will be presented to the Japanese government through France.

**Armistice Declared.**  
Chefoo, Aug. 15.—A Chinese junk just arrived reports that the Russians and the Japanese at Port Arthur on Aug. 8 agreed to a short armistice until Aug. 12.

**Japanese Prince Wounded.**  
Tokyo, Aug. 15.—The imperial prince Hiroyasu Kwacho was slightly wounded aboard the battleship Mikasa in last Wednesday's engagement.

## SUIT

To Recover Money Lost in  
Promoting Shipbuilding Trust.

New York August 15.—Governor Odell, who is said to have lost \$126,500 in the "promotion" of the shipbuilding trust, has begun suit at Newburg against the men who organized the project, to recover the amount of his investment with interest. According to the papers, Governor Odell underwrote 188 of the first mortgage bonds of the shipbuilding trust, and was afterwards obliged to sell them for \$250 each almost \$700 less than the price he paid for them.

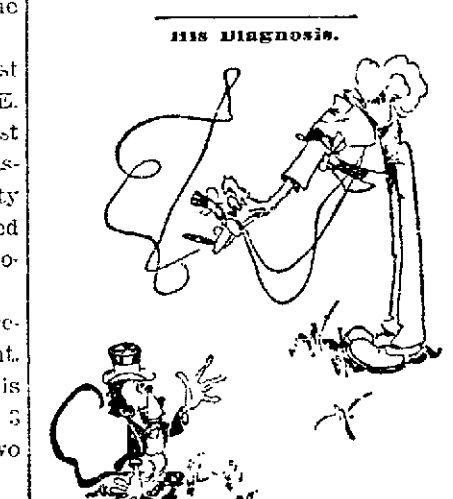
## GRAVES

And the Skeletons of Midgets Found in  
Tennessee—Bodies Buried in  
Marble Vaults.

Sparta, Tenn., August 15.—Natives of White county have discovered the graves of what seems to have been a prehistoric race of midgets. Several miniature tombs have been opened, and farmers during the past year, have plowed through them, always unearthing small skeletons rarely over two feet in length. The skulls measure the size of an ordinary coconut, and men of learning who have examined them declare that no one but a person who had reached the age of maturity could have owned such skulls.

Graves from which the small skeletons have been taken are usually lined with a marble-like sarcophagus and rarely more than two feet in depth. The massiveness of the stone grave adds to the mystery as to how a race of little people could possibly have moved such weight.

One trouble with the still small voice is that it keeps telling us things we know already.—Puck.



The Ostrich—Doctor, I've got indigestion terribly!  
The Monkey—I warned you against pork. You've been eating pig iron again.—Boston Journal.

**Not Up to Date.**  
Father—Well, my boy, I don't know of any way to make a living honestly except by working for it.  
Son—Oh, spruce up, dad, and shake those obsolete ideas of yours.—Smart Set.

**There Will Be a Change, of Course.**  
"Dr. Pilkington says housework is healthful."  
"Oh! What doctor do you expect to have after this?"—Chicago Record-Herald.

## STRIKE

AS YET SHOWS NO EVIDENCE OF  
PEACE.

At Omaha's Monday, Situation Was Most Serious Since the Trouble Was Started.

Chicago, Aug. 15.—Notwithstanding that stories of pending negotiations between the parties to the great packing house strike have been life for three days past, another week of struggle has begun without any tangible evidence of steps toward peace.

**Omaha, Neb., Aug. 15.**—The strike situation today was the most serious since the strike was called. At 4:30 a car of strike-breakers was stoned by a mob at Sweeney, a suburb, and one man was possibly fatally injured, being hit on the head by a brick. Eight arrests were made. Deputy sheriffs were also stoned. The sheriff said that he would try to control the situation without troops for a few days.

**Stockyards Strike.**  
Chicago, Aug. 15.—On the outcome of a conference the present chances of a settlement of the stockyards strike depends. The nature of this reported conference is very indefinite. It is asserted positively by some of the labor leaders that a conference with the packers will be held, but the packers will not affirm nor deny that such is the case. It is reported that a proposition has been made to J. Ogden Armour just as he was leaving this city for Boston, and he suggested that it be submitted to the other packers. This, it is claimed, has been done by the labor leaders. The only packer who would discuss the matter was L. F. Swift, and he was noncommittal.

**No Cattle Killed.**  
New York, Aug. 15.—No cattle were killed during the day at either of the so-called beef trust plants, the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger company and the United Dressed Beef company, although officials of both companies maintain that they have a sufficient force of men in the places of the strikers to kill up to their normal capacity. "We are sending out all the beef that is demanded of us," said Frederick Joseph of the Schwarzschild & Sulzberger company. "We have a month's supply in our ice boxes and by the middle of next week I expect to see beef at wholesale come down 2 cents on the pound because the market will then be glutted by supplies from the west. We expect to start in killing at once, and by the middle of the week we expect to be running under normal conditions."

**Stockyard Tragedy.**  
Chicago, August 15.—In the Cottage Grove stockyard this morning, Wm. Madden, aged 32, demanded to know why Conductor George L. Smotherman, did not wear a union button. Smotherman said it was none of his business, but that if Madden and the two men who were with him would go to the barn he would show them why he didn't have a button. All left the car at the barn and the quarrel was renewed. Smotherman shot Madden in the abdomen. Madden will probably die. Smotherman was arrested for shooting with intent to kill.

## NEGROES

To Number of 15 Reported  
to Have Been  
Lynched.

Augusta, Ga., Aug. 15.—(Bulletin)—A report just received, says: "No lynching has taken place at Statesboro yet, but the town is in a ferment of excitement. The negroes charged with the murder of Frank Hodges and his wife, and five children, confessed to a secret organization of negroes known as the 'Before day club' the object of which is murdering and robbing of white people of that station. When these confessions became known, the white people became frenzied and started to the jail to take the negroes out and lynch them. Sheriff Kendrick, with two companies of troops, were holding the crowds in check and a whole regiment of troops is now on a train being rushed to Statesboro from Savannah."

News from Statesboro, Ga., this morning by train, stated that 15 negroes were lynched there by a mob this morning.

Train hands said that two negroes were brought to Statesboro to stand trial. They confessed and implicated 13 others.

Missionaries are at work in 247 of the walled cities of China. There are still 1,500 walled cities without missionaries.

A little colored girl in North Carolina bears the following royal name: Alexandra Hess, Beulah Betty Virginia Isabella Morrison.

Vogels minstrel tonight.

**LABOR DAY PRIVILEGES.**  
All parties desiring privileges for Labor Day, such as stands, booths, etc., will apply to.  
A. S. DONALDSON,  
E. A. GUILBERT,  
CHAS. M. MCNEAL,  
Committee.  
Phone 6161 white or red. 8-1-mwst

## Democratic Headquarters.

New York, Aug. 15.—Chairman Taggart has opened the headquarters of the national Democratic committee at 1 West Thirty-fourth street. He will devote two days to organization work and on Tuesday evening will leave for White Sulphur Springs, W. Va., to attend the notification ceremonies on Wednesday of the vice presidential candidate, Henry G. Davis. Mr. Taggart will return to New York Thursday evening.

**Steamer Searched.**  
Plymouth, England, Aug. 15.—The Peninsular and Oriental line steamer Oceana, from Bombay for London, reports that a Russian cruiser stopped and examined the British India Steam Navigation company's steamer Gorkha on Aug. 11 near Sagres (in the extreme southwest of Portugal and four miles southeast of Cape St. Vincent). The Gorkha was allowed to proceed.

**British Steamer Seized.**  
London, Aug. 15.—Alfred Holt & Company, owners of the British steamer Calchas, which was bound for Japanese ports from Tacoma and which was seized by the Russian Vladivostok squadron Aug. 8, 30 miles north of Tokyo bay, received a cablegram from Yokohama announcing that the steamer was sent to the island of Seghalien under arrest.

**Railroad Official Missing.**  
Seattle, Wash., Aug. 15.—A score of Northern Pacific employees are searching Squak Slough, a sluggish stream, endeavoring to find trace of G. B. Cliff, superintendent of the Seattle division of the Northern Pacific railway. Mr. Cliff was last seen Tuesday afternoon rowing down the slough in a canvas canoe toward Lake Washington. The cars belonging to the craft were found in the stream.

**Steering Rates Cut.**  
London, Aug. 15.—A telegram from Liverpool says the American line announces that, commencing Monday, the steaming rate to Philadelphia will be \$7.50, instead of \$10. This reduction caused considerable consternation among lines not in the combine, but it is not likely that they will do anything at present to combat it.

**Warship Sent to Haiti.**  
Washington, Aug. 15.—The navy department has directed Admiral Sigsbee, commanding the Caribbean squadron, to send a warship to Goanaves and Jeremie, Haiti, Minister Powell having reported disturbances at those points. The Denver, now at Porto Rico, has been ordered on the mission.

**British Destroyer Lost.**  
London, Aug. 15.—The British torpedo-boat destroyer Decoy sank off the Sicily islands as the result of a collision with another destroyer. The crew was saved. The Decoy was a vessel of 4,200 indicated horsepower, 265 tons displacement, and was capable of making 27 knots an hour. She was equipped with three torpedo tubes and one 12-pounder and three 6-pounder quick-firing guns, and carried a complement of 50 men.

**Judge Parker Rests.**  
Winnisook Lodge, Ulster County, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Judge Alton B. Parker, the Democratic nominee for president, spent the night at the Winnisook club, 2,700 feet above the sea level, at the foot of Slide mountain, which is the highest point in the Catskills. Winnisook lodge is nine miles from nearest telegraph line and 12 miles from the nearest telephone, and is reached by a steep mountain road. He is here for a rest.

**Two Men Perished.**  
Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Michael D. Callaghan, 53, a former racehorse trainer, and Thomas Eagan, 20, a racing stable attaché, were burned to death by an explosion of gasoline, which caused a fire that destroyed the Callaghan cafe near the running park.

**British Boat Founders.**  
London, Aug. 15.—The British bark Inverkip, Captain Jones, from Melbourne for Queenstown, was sunk and 20 persons were drowned as the result of a collision off Fastnet rocks, Ireland, with the British ship Loch Carron, Captain Clark, from the Clyde.

**Japs Welcomed to Mukden.**  
Liaoyang, Aug. 15.—The Chinese governor of Mukden issued a proclamation welcoming the Japanese. This is due to the fact that the successive retirements of the Russians upon their main lines caused the Chinese to lose faith in the Russian arms.

**THIS AND THAT.**  
Crisp Items of Information From Every Clime.

Department store of J. W. Lakin burned at Marysville, O. Loss \$50,000.

Rev. R. A. Deem, 64, of the Sabina Methodist Episcopal church, died in the paragonage, Sabina, O.

Rev. Michael Healy, 81, pastor of St. Mary's church, Tiffin, O., died from the effects of a fall from a window of St. Colomba's rectory, Youngstown, O.

Mrs. Ada Richardson, wife of a prominent farmer of Methuen, Mass., stabbed to death at a Boston hotel by Edward Clarke, who vainly attempted to commit suicide.

**Wouldn't Interfere.**  
Little Girl—Papa, it's raining. Papa (whose temper is somewhat ruffled)—Well, let it rain. Little Girl (timidly)—I was going to, papa.

The injuries we do and those we suffer are seldom weighed in the same balance.—Shawmut

# School Shoes

## We're Out For the School Shoe Trade

of the town. All the boys and girls know that this is the place to get the proper styles, but if there's a family in this city that does not buy their boys' and girls' shoes here and we can get the head of that family to read this ad. and to come here just to take a look at our School Shoes—we'll get that family's trade, sure.

No father or mother can resist such tempting values as we are offering in \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50 School Shoes for boys and girls.

## Carl & Seymour

South Side Shoe Hustlers.

# BANANAS

Green or Ripe

Prices From 75c to \$1.00

For the Largest Bunches and Fine Fruit.

The Sparta Confectionery Co. 15 North 3rd St

## "Solid as a Rock"

# The Licking Co. Bank

Has a Paid up Capital of \$165,000.00.

This stock is held by 97 responsible business men and farmers, which insures an additional \$165,000.00 to doubly secure our depositors. Our officers and employees are all bonded in the United States Fidelity and Guarantee Company of Baltimore, Md., for \$75,000.00.

We Pay Interest on Time Deposits.  
We Want Your Loans We Want Your Business

## Licking County Bank Co.

E. W. CRAYTON, Cashier. W. N. FULTON, President.

# WHITE SEAL FLOUR

MADE IN NEWARK. YOU DON'T HAVE TO PAY THE FREIGHT.

## Free Trips California and the Southwest

"The Earth" is a new monthly journal, describing life in the Great Southwest.

It is the best of its class. It contains timely articles of interest to those who wish to get a home or establish a business in the most prosperous

section of our country. It is attractively illustrated with pictures "that talk." It is bright, truthful, instructive and persuasive. Like all new publications, "The Earth" wishes to increase its circulation, and offers the following very attractive prizes to persons getting up clubs. The only condition is that you become a subscriber yourself.

### LIST OF PRIZES

First Prize—To the person sending the largest list of paid subscribers, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to Los Angeles or San Francisco.  
Second Prize—For the second largest list, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to Grand Canyon of Arizona.  
Third Prize—For the third largest list, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to Phoenix, Ariz.  
Fourth Prize—For the fourth largest list, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to El Paso, Texas.  
Fifth Prize—For the fifth largest list, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to Galveston, Texas.  
Sixth Prize—For the sixth largest list, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to Denver, Colo.  
Seventh Prize—For the seventh largest list, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to Carlsbad, N. M.  
Eighth Prize—For the eighth largest list, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.  
Ninth Prize—For the ninth largest list, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to Garden City, Kan.  
Tenth Prize—For the tenth largest list, a free round-trip ticket, Chicago to Kansas City, Mo.  
Eleventh to Fifteenth Prizes—For the eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth and fifteenth largest lists, 500 miles of railroad transportation.

All of the above transportation good over such road as we designate, and available for use until June 30, 1905. Tickets to be non-transferable and used only by the prize-winners.

If any winners of prizes one to ten, inclusive, should prefer a different trip than the one offered, an equivalent number of miles will be issued. Lists to be closed December 31, 1904.

Let us register your name as entering the competition. Send for sample copies to canvas with. The work should be easy. The price of a yearly subscription to "The Earth" is only 25 cents. No trouble to get a large list at that price by a few hours' work each week among your neighbors. No minimum requirement as to the number of subscribers you get. The prizes will be paid regardless of results.

Write To-Day to The Earth, 1118 Railway Exchange, Chicago.

Cut out and mail this coupon.

THE EARTH,  
1118 Railway Exchange, Chicago:  
Enclosed find 25 cents for one year's subscription to "The Earth."  
Please enter my name in your Prize Subscription Contest, sending me necessary blanks.  
Name.....  
Street No.....  
City and State.....

Read Advocate Want Column



## Sore Throat

Throat affections should never be neglected. Sore Throat leads to Quinsy and Diphtheria. It is of vital importance to have a remedy at hand in the early stages of troubles of this nature. Many are the deaths that have resulted from a neglected Sore Throat.



will cure this disease more quickly and effectually than any other liniment manufactured.

Animas City, Colo.  
Last summer I suffered constantly with Sore Throat and had the best doctors I could get, but they gave me no relief. The first application of Hamlin's Wizard Oil gave me relief and by using it a few days I was entirely cured. A bottle of Hamlin's Wizard Oil is worth its weight in gold to any person.  
C. A. BRYANT.

Washington, La., Sept. 4, 1900.  
My wife suffered with Sore Throat for a year, and though she doctored and doctored nothing seemed to help her. I procured a bottle of Hamlin's Wizard Oil and it has done her more good than anything in the world.  
HENRY WADZ.

There is only one Wizard Oil—Hamlin's—name blown in the bottle. Signature "Hamlin Bros." on wrapper. Take no substitutes. 50c. and \$1.00.

**Hamlin's Cough Balsam**  
Heals the Lungs, Wards off Consumption, 25c.

**Hamlin's Blood & Liver Pills**  
For Torpid Liver and Constipation, 25c.

FOR SALE AND RECOMMENDED BY  
WILEY-ERMAN DRUG CO.

## HAY FEVER

Season is almost here and it is now time to begin treatment to ward off the attacks.

THE NATIONAL VAPORIZER

—With—

VAPORAL TREATMENT

Has given the best results with Hay Fever of anything we have seen. You can have

FREE TREATMENT

With this Vaporizer at our store to test its merits.

We have a large line of

MANICURE GOODS

Which are of the first quality and will please you. Have you tried the Har-nish Nail Enamel? It is the finest yet. We have it at

## HALL'S DRUG STORE

Fine Candies Choice Cigars  
At HALL'S DRUG STORE.

Miss Virginia Warman  
—FIRST CLASS—

Dress Making and Ladies Tailoring  
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.  
Room 41 Lansing Block. Bell Phone.

A FREE TRIP  
—TO THE—

## Great St. Louis Exposition.

To one boy and one girl below the age of 19 years—receiving the greatest number of votes, will be given a

Free Round-Trip Ticket To the Great St. Louis Exposition.

A vote is given with the purchase of each glass of soda 5 cents, and the contest begins Monday morning, May 9. The victor can elect to take the money if he cares to do so.

**E. T. JOHNSON**  
Druggist.

No. 10 Warden Hotel Block.

**CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS**  
Original and only genuine. SAFE, SURE, and reliable. Sold in RED and Gold metal boxes, each containing 10 pills. Take one or two after meals. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars. Testimonials and "Letter for Ladies" in letter by return mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO. London, England. Read the Advocate Want Column.

## THE RAILWAYS

FAST RUN MADE ON B. & O. ROAD  
SUNDAY EVENING.

Eighty Box Cars in a Single Train Left  
Newark on B. & O.—Sunday  
Excursions—Personals.

One of the fastest runs made by the Baltimore & Ohio between Columbus and this city for some time was made by B. & O. train 112 Sunday evening. Chris Cummins was the engineer and Conductor J. S. Beecher was in charge of the train. The run was made from Columbus to the Newark depot in 38 minutes. From Summit Station to Newark, a distance of 18 miles, the run was made in 18 minutes.

Sunday Excursions.

Sunday was a big day for the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company. At this point, the various excursions out of the city being liberally patronized. About 150 people went to Wheeling and a large number went to Cincinnati.

New Department For B. & O.

At the meeting of chief clerks of the motive power and transportation departments and the storekeepers of the B. & O. held at Pittsburgh, the purpose of the new department of general storekeeper which was recently established was explained. This department will handle the stores for the entire system and will to a certain extent do away with the division storekeeper. On the larger division, however, the division storekeeper will be retained but the persons filling these offices will make their reports to the general storekeeper at Baltimore, Mr. D. A. Williams. The purpose of the department was explained by E. H. Blanchard, general purchasing agent for the company.

A Long Train.

One of the longest trains that was ever made up in the B. & O. yards in the city, was taken out on Sunday and run over the Columbus and Newark division. The train, which was in charge of Conductor Harris, was drawn by two 900-horse engines and consisted of 80 B. & O. boxcars.

B. & O. Engineer Injured.

James Bonner, an engineer on the B. & O. living at Summit Station, suffered the loss of four toes in an accident at Taylorsville, Saturday evening. He was taken to the Protestant hospital on arriving in Columbus.

Railway Personals.

Conductor J. R. Bell, who has been off duty for a few trips, has returned to work.

Brakeman Green is laying off for a few trips.

Conductor Coyle has been marked up for service after a short absence. Brakeman Parker is taking a short leave of absence.

Conductor Moore, who has been off for some days, has returned to work.

Brakemen Arnold, Murt, Straud and Granby have all returned to work after having been off for a few days.

Brakeman D. P. Harrington, has been granted a short leave of absence.

Conductor Beall is laying off for a few trips.

## NEW PARISH

SERVICES HELD IN THE ARMORY  
ON SUNDAY.

Bright Prospects For New East Newark Church—Father Watterson Preached on Sunday.

Father Watterson held the first services for the new parish of East Newark in the Armory on Sunday morning. Masses being held at 7:30 and 9:30 o'clock. Both services were attended by large congregations and the new parish starts out with bright prospects. Father Watterson delivered happy sermons and exhorted his people for concerted action, peace and harmony in the building up of the new parish. Monday was the Feast of the Assumption of the Blessed Virgin, which is the holiday of obligation, and regular Sunday services are being held in both churches.

A lake has been discovered on Kildin Island, Lapland, which contains fresh water on the top and salt water on the bottom. The lake rises and falls with the tide, and is evidently connected with the sea by an underground channel.

Nineteen million immigrants reached the United States in the 80 years ending with 1900.

## AMUSEMENTS

At Vogel's minstrels at the Auditorium tonight the curtain will rise at 8 o'clock.

GALLERY ENTRANCE.

Patrons of the Auditorium gallery will remember that the new gallery entrance located on the south side of the building will be used for the first time tonight. Gallery tickets will be sold at the side entrance only. No gallery tickets will be sold at the main box office.

AT THE PARK.

The attraction at Idlewild Park Casino last week set a high standard of excellence, which Manager W. D. Harris intends to keep up. With this in view he offers to the patrons of the Casino this week a high class vaudeville program, every number of which will please. The big audience Sunday night was delighted with the performance and showed appreciation by well deserved applause.

The club experts, the Jordans, have an act which shows marvelous skill, and their juggling is the best seen here for a long time.

Miss Russell's monologue and songs are well received, while the dramatic



W. H. MACK.

sketch, "The New Minister," by W. H. Mack and Ida M. Elliott, kept the au-



IDA M. ELLIOTT.

dience in an uproar of laughter. It is a clever bit of work. La petite Gray in songs and dances, is one of the best numbers of a very interesting program which will no doubt please large audiences the balance of the week.

Prof. Davis' thrilling fire slide was witnessed by a large crowd of people, and is indeed a hair-raising feat.

Vogels, minstrels tonight.

## GRANVILLE

Kappa Psi Hold a Picnic at Case's Spring—Newark Girls Present—College Town Personals.

Granville, O., August 15.—Saturday morning about 10 o'clock, a number of jolly girls of the Kappa Psi Sorority left the village for a picnic at Case's Spring. They were taken out on a large hay wagon by Mr. Burton Case. About 1 o'clock a fire dinner was served on nature's green cloth, under the branches of the large spreading trees near the spring. The picnic was given for the union of the sorority before the departure of some of its members. Those present were the Misses Stella and Helen Case, Stella Moore, Ruth McKibben, Pearl Ferguson and Grace Harford, of Granville, and the Misses Jean Moore, Dorothy Kibler, Helen Crane Shirley Pitzer, Mary Neal, of Newark. The guests were Misses Tuttle, of Lynn, Mass., and Margaret McKibben of Granville.

Miss Abbie Glach entertained a number of her friends Saturday evening in honor of Miss Josephine Pence, of Columbus.

Miss Thresa Hill, of Xenia, who has been visiting friends here for several days, returned home on Monday morning after having had a very pleasant visit.

Druggist J. W. Ackley has been engaged for the past two days in invoicing the drug store of the late W. H. Forts.

The first Catholic church ever built in Chicago cost \$300.

Half the ills that man is heir to come from indigestion. Burdock Blood Bitters strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.

## THE COURTS

AN INFIRMARY INMATE BECOMES  
VIOLENTLY INSANE.

Thomas Spicer Files Reply to His  
Wife's Divorce Petition—  
Realty Transfers—Notes.

Adolphus Krantzanski was ordered by the Probate Court Monday to be sent to the State Hospital, at Columbus, on a recurrence of insanity. Some sixteen years ago Krantzanski was sent to the State Hospital from this county, but continued to grow better until about three years ago when he was transferred to the Licking county infirmary as a very mild case. About a week ago he began showing ominous signs of insanity. On last Friday as he was going in to dinner, he stopped on the steps and asked one of the inmates to tie his shoe. The person addressed complied with his request when Krantzanski viciously attacked him with a chisel cutting a deep gash over one of his eyes. He then ran amuck, flourishing his chisel, and attacking everyone who came in his road. He was taken to Columbus Monday.

Wants a Divorce.

As briefly announced Saturday, Charles Bettker has filed his petition in the Probate Court asking for a decree of divorce from his wife Emma Bettker. The parties were married January 25, 1902, and have no children. Bettker charges his wife with immorality, alleging that she lived in evil resorts in both Newark and Columbus. He also charges her with taking all his household goods while he was absent from home and selling them to a second-hand store in Newark, converting the proceeds to her own use, and deserting him. He says that on the promise of his wife to do better and lead a proper life he allowed her to return to his home on November 26, 1902, but that on July 11, 1904, she again deserted him, and has been going around on the streets in saloons and other evil resorts, in company with different men, and he therefore asks that he be divorced from her.

Mr. Spicer's Reply.

In the case of Maggie Spicer against Thomas Spicer, suit for divorce, the defendant, by his attorney, B. R. Nott, has filed his answer, in which he denies that he promised to be a father to the children of his wife by her first marriage, and that he specially agreed to support the youngest child. Defendant also says that it is not true that he refused this child to live in his home or that he cruelly beat and abused it. He also denies the charge of infidelity, or that he ever struck and threatened to kill his wife.

Marriage Licenses.

Guy S. Davenport, Rarigville, O., Cora Gutridge, Newark.

Henry E. Kemnitz, Newark Julia Sutton, Newark.

Frank W. Hand, of Newark, Nell E. Cornell, of Newark.

Court Notes.

The will of Samuel Ewing, deceased, has been filed for probate.

In the matter of the estate of Nancy Jones, deceased, an inventory and appraisal has been filed in the probate court.

Real Estate Transfers.

Frank W. Elliott and wife Isaac N. Wilson and wife Olive P. Lawrence, inlot 4875 in Wehrle addition to Newark, \$200.

Nora B. Fleming and Uivess G. Fleming to Susanah Hollar, 36 feet off of the north side of inlot 18 in Flory & McCune's addition to Newark, \$1250.

Susanah Hollar to David Eugene Stout 36 feet off of the north side of inlot 118 in Flory & McCune's addition to Newark, \$1750.

Carl Norpell and wife to John E. Wilson and William Grumm, real estate in Mary Ann Township, \$300.

Jesse E. Snelling and wife to Rufus Swinehart, inlot 7 in Newark, \$1000.

Susan A. Hartman and husband to Mary E. Hillbrand, real estate in Granville, \$100.

**Rheumatism**  
What is the use of trying the rheumatism that he feels as if his joints were being dislocated?  
He knows that his sufferings are very much like the torment of the rack.  
Is what will permanently cure his disease?  
That, according to thousands of grateful testimonials, is  
**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
It promptly neutralizes the acid in the blood on which the disease depends, completely eliminates it and strengthens the system against its return. Try Hood's.

## August Discount and Clearance Sale

All Seasonable Goods in This Sale at Greatly Reduced Prices.  
All Men's and Boy's Straw Hats and summer caps at One-Half Price.  
All Men's and Boy's Suits and Light Weight Pants at at One-Third off.  
All Men's 39c and 50c underwear at 25c a garment.  
All Men's and Boy's 50c Dress Shirts 39c.  
All Men's and Boy's \$1 Dress Shirts 75c.

WALL PAPER CUT TO COST FOR A GENERAL CLEAN UP.

50c roll now	- - - 33¢	20c roll now	- - - 14¢
40c roll now	- - - 25¢	15c roll now	- - - 10¢
35c roll now	- - - 20¢	10c roll now	- - - 7¢
25c roll now	- - - 18¢	7 and 8c roll now	- - - 5¢

CARPETS, MATTINGS AND LINOLEUM.

50c carpets now	- - - 40¢	20c matting now	- - - 16¢
65c carpets now	- - - 58¢	25c mattings now	- - - 20¢
75c carpets, Lowels	- - - 65¢	50c linoleum, a sq. yd	45¢
12 1-2c matting now	- - - 10¢	60c linoleum, a sq. yd	50¢
15c matting now	- - - 12¢	70c linoleum, a sq. yd	58¢
18c matting now	- - - 15¢	\$1.20 linoleum, a sq. yd	\$1.05

1-3 Off on Croquet Sets | 1-4 Off on Refrigerators and Ice Chests

\$2.50 lawn mowers	\$2.00	\$4.50 lawn mowers	\$3.50
\$3.50 lawn mowers	\$2.75	15c garden hose per foot	11¢

Our Goods Are all Marked in Plain Figures.

## Stephan Department Store

Cor. Fourth and Main Streets.

## AT IDLEWILDE

Christian Sunday School Picnic Was  
Held Friday—A List of the  
Prize Winners.

The members of the Christian Union Sunday school held their picnic at Idlewild park Friday. The attendance was very large. Following was the program:

Infant race, class of girls—First prize, Alma Hamlin, cup and sancer; second prize, Clara Bragg, plate.

Boys' race—First prize, Harry Bailey, cup and sancer; second prize, Fay Kosker, ball.

Girls' race, 10 to 12 years—First prize, Mamie Cole, picture; second, Mary Schwartz, set dominoes.

Girls' race, 8 to 10 years—First prize, Charlotte Stinger, picture; second, Thora Slaughter, dominoes.

Girls' race, 12 to 14 years—First prize, Etta Coke, plate; second, Helen Kinney, plate.

Girls' race, 15 to 17 years—First prize, Naomi Cole, China dish; second, Myrtle Walters, stationery.

Mrs. Yantz's class race—First prize, Iona Coke, picture; second, Helen Kinney, china plate.

Free for all race—First, Etta Coke, fruit dish; second, Iona Cole, fancy tablet.

Boys' race 8 to 10 years—First Stanley Swartz, ball and bat; second, Kenneth Leonard ball.

Boys' race—First, Stanley Swartz, knife; second, Claud Swartz, knife.

Girls' race—First, Iona Coke, school box; second, Myrtle Walters, knife.

Ladies' race—First, Mrs. Yantz, dish pen; second, Mrs. McKinney, scrub brush.

Egg race—First, Mrs. Frisbee, one half dozen glasses; second, Mrs. L. Swartz, silver spoon.

Potato race, boys—First, Stanley Swartz, dust broom; second, Claud Swartz, box paper.

Potato race, ladies—First, Myrtle Walters, box toilet soap; second, Mrs. C. Kinney, parlor knife.

Free-for-all race—First, Iona Cole, cut glass dish; second, Etta Coke, box ironing polish.

Running race, ladies—First, Mrs. Lou Galloway, cut glass dish; second, Mrs. L. Swartz, fancy glass dish.

LABOR DAY SUITS.

All union painters belonging to Local No. 367 desiring to purchase suits for Labor Day, must order them on or before Wednesday, August 17, at Rutledge Bros. By order of committee.  
J. A. FOX.  
L. R. McGRUDER.  
8-8-46t WM. HONENBERGER.

No man ever stays long in the suburbs of sin.—Chicago Tribune.

## MID-SUMMER CLEARANCE SALE

Now in progress is the greatest sale of summer footwear ever known to the Newark people. Profit and cost have been lost sight of and our only effort is to clear our shelves of summer shoes. The Fall Stock is rapidly coming in and we must have the room. Some shoes sold less than actual cost. See display of sale shoes in our show window.

**\$1.69** Cut from \$2.50

A genuine Pat. Colt Skin Shoe for Women selling at the low price of \$1.69.

**\$3.98** Cut from \$5.00

MacDonald & Kiley's extra fine shoes, best on the market.

**\$1.98** Cut from \$3.00

Ideal Kid Oxfords for ladies. Plain Opera Toe, the swellest \$3 Oxfords in Newark.

**\$1.79** Cut from \$2.50

Men's Tan, Pat. Lea. and Vici Kid Oxfords, all this summer stock.

**\$1.48** Cut from \$2 and 2 50

Some of our \$2 and \$2 50 Ladies' Oxfords left to go at the price of \$1.48, different styles and leathers, this is a money saver.

**\$2.39** Cut from \$3.50

Men's Pat. Colt Oxfords, up-to-date Styles.

**\$2.98** Cut from \$4.00

Some of the best Men's Oxfords on the market, all new stock.

**\$2.28** Cut from \$3.50

Choice of our \$3 Oxfords in Russia Calf, Pat. Colt and Vici Kid, latest heels and toes. Men's odds and ends, all new goods, but sizes broken.

## THE SAMPLE

H. Beckman, Prop. No. 9 S. Third St.

## Vacation Expenses

Are you in search of an inexpensive place for your summer vacation, where you can have a really enjoyable outing at but a nominal cost? The inland lake country in southern Michigan and northern Indiana and that along the south shore of Lake Erie, between Buffalo, N. Y., to Toledo, Ohio, including the historic Lake Erie Islands, will meet your wishes.

There are hundreds of places in this summer region. You can secure good board with rooms at rates averaging from \$5 to \$8 per week. You can fish, boat, bathe, camp out, and enjoy in many ways the simplicity of summer life afforded in this delightful summer vacation land.

Our book, "Quiet Summer Retreats," covering a large list of boarding places, with rates, proprietors' names and addresses, features of location, camp sites, furnished cottages, etc., will assist you in selecting a place, and will be sent by undersigned for 2 cents in postage.

For summer excursion rates to points named in book apply to your local ticket agent, and if he can not furnish, or for any desired information, address

**The Lake Shore**  
& Michigan Southern Ry.







# Over the Border

By...  
**ROBERT BARR.**

Copyright, 1903, by  
Frederick A. Stokes Co.

Author of "Jennie Baxter,  
Journalist," Etc.

## CHAPTER V.

**A** DRIZZLING rain had set in and had driven the crowds from the streets. Frances drew a chair to the window of the library and sat there meditating on the strange events in which she was taking some small part, so different from the tranquil happenings of the district she had known all her life. She had imagined London a city of palaces facing broad streets, fancied, if not literally, paved with gold—a town of gaiety and laughter; and here was the reality, a cavernous, squalid, gloomy, human warren, peopled with murky demons bent on outrage of some sort, ill natured and threatening.

As the day waned she saw that in spite of the rain the mob was collecting again, its atoms running hither and thither, calling to each other; be-draggled beings laboring under some common excitement. And now its roar came to her again, farther off than before—a roar that chilled her while she listened, and the wave of sound this time seemed to have a fearful note of exultation in it. She wondered what had happened, and was anxious for her father if he were at the mercy of it. Mrs. Jarrett came into the room, followed by a manservant, and also by one of her father's secretaries, as the woman whispered to the girl:

"My lady, we must close the shutters and bar them tightly, for the ruffians are threatening again, and may be here in force at any moment to stone the windows, as they have done before."

The secretary seated himself at the table and was arranging papers. The manservant opened the windows, from which Frances drew back, and now the cries came distinctly to her. "Death to Strafford!" "Down with the tyrant!" "To the block with the king's ear!" were some of the shouts she heard lustily called forth.

"Oh! I fear my father is in danger. Do you think they have him in their power, that they exult so?"

Good Mrs. Jarrett, anxiety on her own honest face, soothed her young mistress, and the secretary came forward.

"Be not troubled, madam," he said. "While they cry 'To the block' it shows they have not possession of his lordship's person, but hope to stir up rumor to his disfavor. While they shout for process of law, his lordship is safe, for the law is in his hands and in those of the king, whose behests he carries out."

This seemed a reasonable deduction, and it calmed the inquirer, although there remained to her disquietude the accent of triumph in the voice of the mob.

"Death to Strafford!" was the burden of the acclaim, but now one shouted, "Justice on Strafford!" though his meaning was clearly the same as the others. There was no dissenting outcry, and this unanimous hatred, so vehemently expressed, terrified at least one listener. Why was her father so universally detested? What had he done? Stern he was undoubtedly, but just, as his reception of herself had shown, and courteous to all to whom she heard him speak; yet the memory of that phrase, "Strike through!" uttered with such ruthless coldness, haunted her memory, and she heard again the shrieks of those trampled underfoot. It was an indication that what he had to do he did with all his might, reckless of consequence. If any occupied his path, the obstructor had to stand aside or go down, and such a course does not make for popularity.

The windows being now shuttered and barred securely, and the tumult muffled into indistinct murmur, lights were brought in. Mrs. Jarrett urged the girl to partake of some refreshment, but Frances insisted on waiting for her father. The secretary, seeing her anxiety, said:

"Mr. Vollins went out some two hours ago to learn what was taking place, and I am sure if anything serious had happened he would have been here before now with tidings."

"Who is Mr. Vollins?"

"His lordship's treasurer, madam."

As the words were uttered, the door opened, disclosing John Vollins, the expression of whose serious, clean shaven face gave little promise of encouragement.

"What news, Mr. Vollins? The mob seems rampant again," spoke up the secretary.

"But even if that were true—and it seems incredible—the king can liberate him at a word."

"They say even the king and court have fled and that hereafter parliament will be supreme, but one cannot believe a tithe of what is flying through the streets this night. The people are mad, stark mad."

Mrs. Jarrett hovered about the young lady in case an announcement so fraught with dread to all of them should prove too much for her, but Frances was the most collected of any there. "If that is all," she said calmly, "it will be but a temporary inconvenience to my father which he will make little of. He has committed no crime, and may face with fortitude the judgment of his peers, certain of triumphant acquittal. He is in London by command of the king, his master, and his majesty will see to it, should all else fail, that he suffers not for his obedience."

This conclusion was so reasonable that it had the effect of soothing the apprehensions of all who heard it, and, young as she was, Frances seemed to assume a place of authority in the estimation of those present, which was to stand her in good stead later in the evening.

It was after 9 o'clock that there was a rap at the door.

"Who is there?" asked the secretary through the grating.

"A messenger from the court," was the reply. Frances had come up the hall on hearing the challenge.

"What name?" demanded the secretary.

"De Courcy. Open quickly, I beg of you. The mob has surged down the street, but it may return at any moment."

"Open," said Frances, with decision, and the secretary obeyed.

De Courcy came in, unrecognizable at first because of the cloak that enveloped him. The door was secured behind him, and he flung his cloak to one of the men standing there. His gay plumage was somewhat ruffled, and the girl never thought she would be so heartily glad to see him.

"Is it true that my father is sent to the Tower?" were her first words.

"No, mademoiselle; but he is in custody, arrested by order of parliament, and at this moment detained in the house of James Maxwell, keeper of the Black Rod, who took his sword from him and is responsible for his safety. 'Tis said he will be taken to the Tower tomorrow, but they reckon not on the good will of some of us who are his friends, and they forget the power of the king."

Frances frowned, but said:

"What were the circumstances of my father's arrest? What do they charge against him?"

"God knows what the indictment is; chiefly that he is Strafford, I think. He entered the house of lords this afternoon and walked with customary dignity to his place, but was curtly ordered to withdraw until he was sent for, as the commons were at that moment enacting their formula against him. He withdrew in the face of this loud protest, and at last, being called to stand before them; was commanded to kneel, which, with some hesitation, he did, while the articles of his disparagement were read from the woolsack. He was then dismissed, and, once in the outer room again, the Black Rod demanded his sword and so conducted him, under restraint, to a carriage; no man of all then present capping to him, although they had been obsequious enough when he entered. A scurvy lot!"

"Were you among them?"

"Not I; I give you the account as 'twas told to me, but had I been in that contemptible company, my hat would have gone lower than ever before."

"You have not seen my father then? He has sent no message by you?"

"I have not seen him, but I come to crave a few words with you in private."

"Sir, you must excuse me. I am so tense with anxiety about my father, I can think of naught else."

"Tis on that subject I wish to discuss. He has set in train a series of events in which I hoped to aid him, but it is like to go awry through this most unlooked for arrest. That is why I was here this morning, and the commission was to have been completed tomorrow. Did he say anything to you about it?"

"You heard all he said to me today. I saw him for but a moment, and that in your presence."

"I had hoped his lordship made a confidant of you, so my mission were the easier of accomplishment."

"If it has to do with his welfare, I am ready to confer with you. Come with me to the library."

But before they could quit the hall they were aware that another was taking advantage of the lull in the street to seek entrance to the mansion. Frances paused to learn the result. This time it was an envoy from Strafford himself, and he brought a letter addressed to "Miss Frances Wentworth." She opened and read the note with eager anticipation, forgetting for the moment all who were standing there.

Sweetheart—You have heard before this.

What hath befallen me, yet trust thou in the goodness of God that my enemies shall do me no hurt. I am troubled that you should be in London at this time, where I can be of no help to you. It would please me to know that you were safe in the home where you have lived until this present time. Think not that you can assist me other than by obeying, for I trust in God and the king and in the assurance that I am innocent of the charges malice hath brought against me. Therefore be in no way alarmed, but take yourself straightway to the north, there to wait with your brother, as heretofore, until I send a message for you, which I hope to do right speedily. Travel in comfort and security, and take with you such of my household as will secure both.

My treasurer, John Vollins, will give you all money you require, and this letter is his assurance to fulfill your wishes in this and every respect. Trust in God; give way to no fear, but bear yourself as my daughter. Your loving father, STRAFFORD.

The young woman folded the letter without a word, except to the secretary, to whom she said:

"My father writes in good confidence, seeing no cause for alarm, having assurance of his innocence and faith in God and the king."

Then she led the way to the library, followed by De Courcy, hat in hand. Vollins arose and left them together, whereupon the Frenchman, with some slight hesitation, possibly remembering a different plea on that spot a few hours before, began his recital.

"This morning his lordship, your honored father, requested my assistance in a business which he thought I was capable of bringing to a satisfactory conclusion. It concerned a highly placed personage, whom it is perhaps improper for me to name, and perhaps unnecessary for me to particularize further. His lordship's intention was to present this exalted lady with some gift which she would value for its intrinsic worth no less than its artistic quality, and, as he professed himself no judge of such, preferring to depend upon the well known taste of my nation in delicate articles of merit, also so far complimenting me as to believe that I could, in suitable manner and phrase, present this token to the gracious acceptor of it, he desired my intervention, and I promised so to pleasure him to the best of my poor abilities. On leaving you this morning I made selection of the gift, and furthermore gave him a hint to the recipient of its intended presentation—a hint, I may say, which was received with palpable delight. Judge, then, my consternation when I heard of the earl's arrest, for he had promised to pay me the money tomorrow."

The young man paused, his listener pondering with her eyes on the floor. She had such a deep distrust of him, and was so well aware of the prejudice, that she struggled against it, praying for an unbiased mind. Yet much that he had said coincided with certain things she knew—her father's desire that the queen should cease from meddling in affairs of state to his disadvantage and theirs; his seeming friendship for De Courcy, although he despised him; his intention that she should be civil to him; his disclaimer of all knowledge regarding what a woman valued in a gift when he presented her with a full purse the night before—all these fitted with the Frenchman's story. The suppliant, scrutinizing her perplexed brow, seemed to fear that his chance of getting the money was vanishing, as he continued on the line most likely to incline her to favor his present demand.

"Of course I should not have troubled you in this matter did I not think that if the arrangement your father wished to make was important this morning it is ten times more important tonight. Indeed, his liberty may depend upon it. I am well aware that it is open to me to say to the lady, 'Lord Strafford is in prison and is unable to carry out his generous intentions,' but I fear the deep disappointment will outweigh the force of the reasoning. Your charming sex is not always strictly logical!"

"What was the sum agreed upon?" asked Frances, looking suddenly up.

"A thousand pounds, in gold."

The question had been sprung upon him, and he had answered without thought, but as he watched her resolute face a shade of disappointment passed over his own, as if of inward regret that he had not made the amount larger should her determination prove his ally.

"I shall see that you get the money, if not tonight at the time promised."

She sent for Vollins and placed the case before him. The treasurer stood by the table with inscrutable face and listened in silence, his somewhat furtive look bent on the Frenchman.

"Has Mr. De Courcy some scrap of writing in which my lord signifies that so considerable a payment is to be made?"

"My dear fellow, this relates to business that is not put in writing between gentlemen," said the foreigner hastily.

"I am not a gentleman, but merely the custodian of his lordship's purse. I dare not pay out gold without his lordship's warrant over his own signature."

"Mr. Vollins," pleaded the girl eagerly, "my father's life and liberty may depend on this disbursement. I will be your warrant. I have money of my own in the north, many times the sum I request you to pay. Should my father object I will refund to you the thousand pounds. Indeed, I will remit it to you in any case, and my father need know nothing of this transaction, therefore you cannot be held in scath."

"I must not do it," said Vollins. "His lordship is a very strict man of business and will hold me to account. He would forgive you, madam, but would be merciless with me did I consent to so unheard of a proposal. I dare not count out a thousand pounds to the first man who steps from the street and asks for it, giving me his bare word."

"But you have my word as well, Mr. Vollins," urged the girl.

"Madam, I beseech you to consider my position. I am but a servant. The money is not mine or you were wet- come to it. Yet why all this haste? His lordship can undoubtedly be communicated with tomorrow, and then a word or line from him is sufficient."

"You have an advice, sir, of striking while the iron is hot. The iron may be cool enough by the time your scruples of legality are satisfied," warned De Courcy.

"His lordship can be communicated with. You are quite right, Mr. Vollins," cried Frances, remembering. "He has communicated with me. I ask you to read this letter and then to pay the thousand pounds required of you."

Vollins read the letter with exasperating slowness and said at last:

"There is nothing here authorizing me to pay the gentleman a thousand pounds."

"True, there is not, but my father says you are to pay me what moneys I require. I require at this moment a thousand pounds in gold."

"The money is for your safe conduct to the north."

"You have read my father's letter more carelessly than I supposed by the time you took. He says you are to fulfill my wishes in this and every respect. Do you still refuse me?"

"No, madam, but I venture to advise you strongly against the payment."



A BOWED AND PALLID FIGURE.

"I thank you for your advice. I can certify that you have done your duty fully and faithfully. Will you kindly bring forth the gold?"

Vollins weighed the five bags of coin with careful exactitude and without further speech. De Courcy fastened them to his belt, then looked about him for his cloak, which he at last remembered to have left in the hall. Vollins called upon a servant to fetch it, making it from him at the door. The Frenchman enveloped himself and so hid his treasure. The cautious Vollins had prepared a receipt for him to sign, made out in the name of Frances Wentworth, but De Courcy demurred; it was all very well for the counting house, he said, but not in the highest society. The earl of Strafford would be the first to object to such a course, he insisted.

Frances herself tore the paper in pieces and said that a signature was not necessary, while Vollins made no further protest. She implored De Courcy in a whispered aside to acquit faithfully the commission with which her father had entrusted him, and he assured her that he was now confident of success, thanking her effusively for the capable conduct of a difficult matter of diplomacy. Then, with a sweeping gesture of obeisance, he took his courteous departure.

Mr. Vollins deferentially asked Frances to sign a receipt which he had written, acknowledging the payment of a thousand pounds, and to this document she hurriedly attached her signature.

## CHAPTER VI.

**F**RANCES made her way to the north, as her father had directed, and everywhere found the news of his arrest in advance of her—the country ablaze with excitement because of it. The world would go well once Strafford was laid low. He had deluded and misled the good king, as Buckingham had before him. Buckingham had fallen by the knife; Strafford should fall by the ax. Then the untrammelled king would rule well; quietness and industry would succeed this unhealthy period of fever and unrest.

The girl was appalled to meet everywhere this intense hatred of her father, and in her own home she was surrounded by it. Even her brother could not be aroused to sympathy, for he regarded his father not only as a traitor to his country, but as a domestic delinquent also. Who had neglected and deserted his young wife, leaving her to die uncomforted without even a message from the husband for whom she had almost sacrificed her good name, bearing uncomplainingly his absence and her father's wrath.

During the winter Frances saw little of her brother, Thomas Wentworth, who was here and there riding the country,

imagining, with the confidence of extreme youth, that he was mixing in great affairs, as indeed he was, although he was too young to have much influence in directing them. The land was in a ferment, and the wildest rumors were afloat. Strafford had escaped from the Tower and had taken flight abroad, like so many of his friends who had now scattered in fear to France or to Holland. Again it was said the king's soldiers had attacked the Tower, liberated Strafford, and the Black Man was at the head of the wild Irish, resolved on the subjugation of England. Next, the queen had called on France for aid, and an invasion was imminent.

So there was much secret preparation, drilling and the consoling of arms against the time they should be urgently needed, and much galloping to and fro, a stirring period for the young, an anxious winter for the old, and Thomas Wentworth was in the thick of it all, mysteriously departing, unexpectedly returning, always more foolishly important than there was any occasion for. Yet had he in him the making of a man who was shortly to be tried by fire and steel when greater wisdom crowned him than was at present the case.

Since the letter she had received on the night of his arrest, the daughter heard no word from the father. Had he again forgotten, or were his mes-

sages intercepted? She did not know and was never to know. She had written to him, saying she had obeyed him, but there was no acknowledgment that her letter had reached its destination. Thus she waited and waited, gnawing impatience and dread chasing the rose from her cheeks, until she could wait no longer. Her horse and the southern road were at her disposal, with none to hinder, so she set forth for London, excusing herself for thus in spirit breaking her father's command by the assurance that he had not forbidden her return.

She avoided her father's mansion, knowing that Lady Strafford and her children were now in residence there, and went to the inn where she had formerly lodged. She soon learned that it was one thing to go to London and quite another to obtain entrance to Westminster hall, where the great trial, now approaching its end, was the fashionable magnet of the town. No place of amusement ever collected such audiences, and, although money would overcome many difficulties, she found it could not purchase admission to the trial through any source that was available. Perhaps if she had been more conversant with the ways of the metropolis the golden key might have shot back the bolt, but with her present knowledge she was at her wit's end.

Almost in despair a happy thought occurred in her. She wrote a note to John Vollins, her father's treasurer, and asked him to call upon her, which the good man did at the hour she set.

"Your father would be troubled to know you are in London when he thinks you safe at home," he said.

"I could not help it, Mr. Vollins. I was in a fever of distraction and must have come even if I had walked. But my father need never know, and you remember he wrote that you were to help me. I wish a place in Westminster hall and cannot attain it by any other means in my power than by asking you."

"It is difficult of attainment. I advise you not to go there, for if his lordship happened to catch sight of you at that throng who knows but at a critical moment it might unnerve him, for he is a man fighting with his back to the wall against implacable and unscrupulous enemies."

"Could you not get me some station where I might look upon my father unseen by him?"

"Seats in the hall are not to be picked or chosen. If a place can be come by it will be because some person who thought to attend cannot be present."

"Do you think that where there are so many faces a chance recognition is possible? I should be but an atom in the multitude."

"Doubtless his seeing you is most unlikely. I shall do my best for you,

and hope to obtain an entrance for tomorrow."

And so it came about that Frances was one of the fashionable audience next day, occupying the place of a lady who had attended the trial from the first, but was now tired of it.

The girl listened to the hum of conversation going on round her and caught understandable scraps of it now and then. She was in an entirely new atmosphere, for here every one seemed in favor of Strafford, thought him badly used and was certain he would emerge triumphant from the ordeal. Then let his enemies beware! Feminine opinion was unanimous that all those who were concerned in this trial against his lordship would bitterly regret the day they had taken such action. The spirits of Frances rose as she listened. The invariable confidence by which she was environed had its inspiring effect on her depressed mind. She no longer thought the gathering heartlessly frivolous, as at first she had resentfully estimated it. She was in the midst of enthusiastic champions of her father and realized now as never before the great part he played in the world.

Suddenly there was a movement in the upper part of the hall, and lords and commoners filed in to their places. A silence fell on the audience, maintained also in dignified state by the judges, but to the section occupied by the commons was transferred the rustle of talk which had previously disturbed the stillness of the auditorium. Men bustled about, whispering to this member of parliament or that. Papers and notes were exchanged, white by contrast their lordships receded like inanimate statues.

Once again the center of attention changed. The hall resounded with the measured tramp of armed men. Two rows of soldiers took their stand opposite each other, leaving a clear passage between, and slowly up this passage, with four secretaries and some half dozen others behind him, came a bowed and pallid figure dressed in black, a single decoration relieving the somberness of his costume, which hung loosely unfastened, about a frame that had become gaunt since its wear began.

"That is the Earl of Strafford," whispered the lady on the right, but the remark fell upon unlistening ears. How changed he was! No trace now of that arrogance of which she had caught chance glimpses during her brief acquaintance with him; a broken man who had but a short time to live, whatever might be the verdict of this court. Sentence of death was already passed on him by a higher tribunal, and all this convocation might do was to forestall its execution.

He stood in his place for a moment, and bowed to his judges, but gave no sign that he had knowledge of the existence of his accusers, and the girl began to doubt if the old arrogance had, after all, entirely departed from him. Then, leaning heavily on the arm of one of his secretaries, he sank into his seat and closed his eyes as if the short walk from the barge to the hall of judgment had been too much for him. As he sat thus there stole down to him a boy leading two children. Strafford's eyes opened, and he sailed wistfully upon them, put an arm around the boy's neck and fondled the girls to his knee, both of whom were weeping quietly.

"Who—who are those?" gasped Frances, yet knowing while she asked, and feeling a pang, half jealousy, half pain, that she must hold aloof unnoticed.

"They are his son and his two daughters. The third daughter is not here."

"The third?" she cried in surprise. "Does he then acknowledge a third?"

"The third is an infant too young to know what is going on. Hush! We must not talk."

The girl's eagerness fell away from her; she reclined back in her seat and sighed deeply. The preliminaries of the day passed her like a dream, for she knew nothing of the procedure, but at last her attention was aroused, for she saw her father on his feet, and before she was aware he began to speak, the voice at first cold and calm, penetrating the remotest corner of that vast room, in argument that even she recognized as clear, logical and dispassioned as if he were setting forth the case of another. He was listened to with the most profound respect by enemies and friends alike. He seemed to brush away the charges against him as if they were very cobwebs of accusation.

As he went on he warmed more to his theme, and by and by the girl, leaning inwardly forward, drinking in every word, knew that she was listening to oratory such as had never before greeted the ears of England and probably never would again. A breathless tension held the audience spellbound, and it seemed impossible that his direct foe could remain unmoved. The belief in his acquittal now became a certainty and it was every moment more and more evident that this acquittal would also be a triumph.

The speaker went on to his peroration. "And now, my lords, I thank God I have been by his blessing, sufficiently instructed in the extreme vanity of all temporal enjoyments, compared to the importance of our eternal duration. And so, my lords, even so, with all humility and with all tranquillity of mind, I submit clearly and freely to your judgments. And whether that righteous doom shall be to life or death, I shall repose myself, full of gratitude and confidence, in the arms of the Great Author of my existence."

On none of the vast visible throng had the effective oration exercised greater power than upon an unseen listener. The awed stillness was suddenly broken by a splintering crash, and the startled audience, looking up, saw the frail latticework of the alcove shattered, and the king standing there like a ghost enframed by jagged laths. Stern determination sat on that handsome countenance; a look which

said as plainly as words, "This man shall not die!" His hands clutched the broken framework beneath him, and he moistened his lips as if to give utterance to the words his expression foreshadowed. But before he could speak, a tall, angular figure sprang out from among the commons and held up a sinewy hand. His face was ablaze with anger; his stentorian voice dominated the hall, envenomed with hatred, striking the ear with terror as does the roar of a tiger.

"The might of England, in parliament assembled, gives judgment untrammelled and unafraid. The king is not here. The king cannot be here. 'Th' throne is vacant and must remain vacant until justice is done."

As the last words rang out, the long index finger, shaken menacingly, pointed at the empty chair. There was defiance of king or minister in words and tone and gesture, a challenge to the throne. The pale face of the king became ghastly white, his hand trembled and fragments of the latticework fell from beneath it. Irresolution took the place of former determination, and he glanced pitifully from right to left as if seeking human support, of which, in the amazed stillness, there was no indication. Then the fine white hand of an unseen woman showed for a moment on his arm like a snowflake, and Charles, with one look of haunting compassion on the prisoner, disappeared from sight. The phantom picture had vanished from its ragged frame without a sound and blank darkness occupied its place. Truly the king was not present, conjured away by the strenuous hand of the fierce combatant on the stage and the soft hand of the woman behind the scenes.

"Who is that man?" whispered Frances, gazing in frightened fascination on the rade interrupter.

"That is John Pym, the chief prosecutor and deadly personal enemy of Lord Strafford."

As the girl gazed at this dominating individuality all the froth of confidence in her father's acquittal, whipped up by the chatter of conversation at the beginning, evaporated. There stood the personified hatred of England against the Earl of Strafford. No wavering in accent or action there, but a determined man, knowing what he wanted and bent on having it. To her excited imagination the resolute face took on the semblance of a death mask, and the clinched hand seemed to grasp the shaft of an ax. It was as if the headsman had suddenly stood forth and claimed his own, and a chill as of the grave swept over the audience with a shudder in its wake.

A low wailing cry went sobbing across the silence, a cry that tugged at Strafford's heart when he heard it. What memory did it stir in his troubled mind? A reminiscence of something that had escaped him, crowded out by matters of more pressing moment.

"What is that?" he asked anxiously. "It is nothing, my lord," answered Vollins, stepping between his master and the commotion among the women. "A lady has fainted, that is all. They are taking her out."

(To be continued.)

**Candy.**

"The talk about adulterated candies," said a manufacturer, "is nonsense. There is a national organization of confectionery manufacturers which makes a business of investigating all reports of poisoning from eating candy and has succeeded in exploding most of such rumors. When a child is hungry it will fill up on almost anything it can get hold of—green apples, for instance, or even gravel or grass. It gets sick, and the mother, knowing it had eaten candy that day, spreads the report that the sweets were poisoned. The organization looks into every such case it hears about and finds out the truth. Competition is too strong for any concern to try to sell adulterated goods. The firm's competitors would immediately analyze the piece which is sold suspiciously cheap, and if it contained injurious ingredients would not be slow in proclaiming the fact. Good business principles demand honesty in the manufacture of candies."—Milwaukee Wisconsin.

**His Wish.**

A wicked story is told about two partners who respected each other's business ability, but who hated each other cordially. To one of them came a fairy saying that he could have any boon he desired and whatever he had his partner should have in double portion. Naturally his first wish was for a barrel of money. "All right," said the fairy, "but your partner will get two barrels on that wish." "Stop a little," said the first. "Perhaps you'd better not give me a barrel of money. I'd rather you would make me totally blind in one eye."

**Korean Customs.**

According to the Rev. C. F. Collier, an English missionary, the Korean "never cuts his hair or beard. To do so is considered a mark of dishonor to his parents, whom he strongly reveres. Any hairs that may happen to come out and even the parings of his finger nails are carefully saved and put into the coffin with him in order that he may go back to Mother Earth intact."

**Forgetful.**

Hicks—I do try to be polite, but I seem to be forever forgetting my manners. Wicks—What's the matter now? Hicks—I just gave a woman my seat in the street car and forgot to thank her for taking it.—Philadelphia Ledger.

**Regulated by His Uncle.**

Franklin—Does your watch keep regular time? Shokin—I should say so; it goes in the fifth of every month and comes out the fifteenth.



## L. P. SCHAUS

### REPLIES TO STATEMENT OF MR. LINGAFELTER

In Caustic Terms the Bank President Refers to Former Cashier.

(Continued from Page One.)

Bridge Works, he turned over to the new bank among other assets an overdraft of the Lane Bros. of over \$4,500, and pledged his stock in the Newark Savings bank for the same, thus showing that before the organization of the new bank, Mr. Lingafelter had dealings with and extended large credits to the Lane Bros., and yet he claims that because I later acquired stock in the Lane Bros. Bridge Works that these loans had to be made, when there is not a word of truth in it.

In the matter of Mr. Swartz's indebtedness, he says, "I must not be written up with Mr. Swartz. I was not a borrower like he. Mr. Swartz's loan was never approved of by me, and on the strength of that very loan I threatened twice to resign. This loan was approved by Mr. Schaus and the full committee on loans. I think I know where this money went. Perhaps that will be shown later on."

No one but a coward would hide behind such sentences as those last two. If he thinks he knows where that money went, why don't he come out and say so like a man, and not throw out insinuations? Mr. Lingafelter's whole statement in regard to the Swartz matter is an untruth from beginning to end, as Mr. Swartz himself, Mr. W. E. Miller and Mr. Harry Swisher can testify. The facts are these, as far as the board of directors or the committee knew. Mr. Swartz had a credit at the bank for \$2,500.00 for which the bank held his note, and as the board afterward found out a THIRD mortgage on his property, and two life insurance policies, to secure the aforesaid note. This the committee thought was the extent of Mr. Swartz's indebtedness. Several times Mr. Lingafelter told me that Mr. Swartz insisted on issuing checks on his account above the amount of his credit, and each time I told him to refuse payment when the amount ran over the credit. One evening some three years since, at a meeting of the committee (the date of which I cannot now recall, but the books will show) Mr. Lingafelter complained that Mr. Swartz was not treating him right. The committee wanted to know the reason, and he said that Mr. Swartz was overdrawing his accounts too much. The committee wanted to see the accounts, and when they were brought out and footed and the interest added, we found the amount of the indebtedness exceeded \$15,000.00. The committee was thunderstruck at the showing. Mr. Lingafelter was very severely censured, but gave no explanation as to why he allowed this overdraft. It was at this time that he threatened to resign and again at a later meeting, when the matter was up, but instead of its being as he would have the public believe, on account of his opposition to the loan to Mr. Swartz, it was, on account of the censure he received for allowing Mr. Swartz to become indebted to the bank in the above amount. The committee was ready to accept his resignation, but when spoken to the following day, he had reconsidered and would not resign.

The committee had Mr. Swartz in at the next meeting, a few days later, and when questioned, he gave substantially the following explanation. He said he had become financially embarrassed and had gone to Mr. Lingafelter for advice, as he had made up his mind to make an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. After hearing his statement, Mr. Lingafelter advised him not to do so, saying that he would help him out, and thereupon permitted him to issue checks to pay his indebtedness. Mr. Swartz further said to the committee that at the time, he supposed Mr. Lingafelter was assisting him from his own funds, and not from the bank funds. Mr. Swartz complained that Mr. Lingafelter had charged him too much interest, so the committee with Mr. Lingafelter made some concessions, and got the best security that Mr. Swartz could give, and took notes for his overdrafts and required him to take out \$5,000.00 additional life insurance to secure the bank, making the total security to the bank \$10,000 in life insurance and a mortgage on his property for \$2,500, and yet Mr. Lingafelter says "he did not approve

the loan, but Mr. Schaus and the other members of the committee did." After he had paid out the money on Mr. Swartz's checks without the knowledge or consent of the committee, what was the committee to do but get the best security they could? This is why Mr. Lingafelter says that the committee approved the loan and he did not.

Not satisfied with casting reflections on the living he attacked the dead. Mr. Lingafelter knows that all of Mr. Taafel's indebtedness to the bank, both personal and the Light Plant were honorable debts. The money was borrowed, notes given and more than ample security deposited for the faithful payment of the same, and which he paid soon after being appointed receiver. Mr. Lingafelter also charges Mr. Taafel with an overdraft of \$5,000, for the A. P. U., and a \$5,000 guarantee fund. Mr. Taafel was supreme secretary of the A. P. U. and Mr. Lingafelter was supreme treasurer, he therefore, as treasurer, was responsible for the overdraft, not Mr. Taafel, as for the \$5,000 guarantee fund, it was in the shape of a note and there were several good men on the note, which made it perfectly good. Mr. Lingafelter also signed this note, he being also a supreme officer of the A. P. U. Mr. Taafel settled up this matter also soon after being appointed receiver. Mr. Lingafelter goes still further in his slander of the dead, by saying "My conscience is clear, I will not make away with myself." Mr. Lingafelter knows, as does every one who has ever had dealings with Mr. Taafel, that there was not a more honorable and honest man in the city of Newark than he.

I regret very much that I am compelled to make the above statement but am forced to do so in defense of myself and the other members of the committee. There is much more that could be said in contradiction to Mr. Lingafelter's statement, but I have already taken up too much space in your valuable paper. What I may have to say further will be to the court at the proper time.

Mr. Lingafelter's statement consists of misstatements and is misleading throughout, and was made for no other purpose than to court the sympathy of the public.

Very truly yours,

L. P. SCHAUS.

### BEFORE THE GRAND JURY.

Akron, O., Aug. 15.—Nearly 900 dissatisfied creditors of the Akron Savings Bank company, of which Senator Charles Dick is a director, attended an indignation meeting. Resolutions were passed asking that a committee be appointed to confer with the prosecuting Attorney in an effort to have the affairs of the defunct bank investigated by the next grand jury. "To the end that those who have plundered and converted the funds of the bank may be speedily brought to justice."

## OLDEST RECORD

Of the Queen of Sheba and King Solomon's Relations Found in Abyssinia.

Paris, August 15.—A letter received here from Addis Ababa in Abyssinia, states that M. Hughes La Roux who at present is on a mission of that country, has made a most important find which is of the greatest interest in Orientalists.

He has discovered the oldest record of the relations of the Queen of Sheba with King Solomon in its original form.

At present he is engaged in co-operation with an Abyssinian sage in translating this invaluable papyrus manuscript.

As soon as this is finished he has received permission from the Negus to make a thorough search of the islands in the Lake Zonia, where the Abyssinians buried all the antiquities during the Moslem invasion, and hopes to make many valuable discoveries in those places which, as far as known have never been visited by any white man before.

### Motor Cars Collide.

Mobile Ala., August 15.—Two electric cars collided on a suburban line here last night and 13 people were hurt. Motorman Thomas Taylor had both legs amputated and will die. J. C. Jackson, the conductor, was injured internally and is in a critical condition. Westbound car, running 15 miles an hour, struck a car standing on the main line. J. T. Sharp, the motorman, was at fault; it is claimed, and jumped from his car. He was not apprehended until this morning by the police.

## OBITUARY

### MRS. AUGUSTA THURSTON.

It would seem fitting that such a life as that of Mrs. Augusta Thurston's should not be allowed to come to its earthly close without marking its peculiar significance. That life was of such value to the whole community and touched so many other lives that the secret of her success should be sought out and the elements that made up her life should be carefully noted.

All her life from her earliest childhood she was religiously inclined. She was often heard to say that it is easier to do right than wrong. Gifted with large capacity for work she accomplished great things because of a deep and ever-increasing consecration. But there are elements in her life to be specially noted.

Those knowing her best and longest say that there was never the least duplicity in her life. Gentleness was one of its abiding qualities—a childhood virtue that she never allowed to leave her; but abiding, produced a transparent character.

Another element was her love for and delight in service, never serving from constraint. Her sphere of usefulness was wide. Clerk of the church, president of the Missionary society, member of the financial committee, by no means included all her offices. In ways innumerable within and without the church, wherever occasion demanded and voices of need were calling, there she hastened with glad heart and willing spirit. Her work was done not with trumpet sound, but silently and gently as distillate the evening dew. This was her art, her glory.

The controlling principle of her whole life seemed to be, not "where can I receive the most good," but "where can I be the most helpful." She saw, as many do not, the dignity of human life—its infinite value apart from mere things. Men, women and little children were loved and valued by her because God loved and valued them. Any sacrifice in their behalf was gladly made because the principle of the cross had writ itself large in her life. I am sure that all who knew her feel that in a very real way she had entered into the fellowship with the Master—fellowship with Him in gladness and toil and whole-hearted devotion to the will of God; fellowship with Him in bearing the burdens many; fellowship with Him in serving when appreciation was wanting; fellowship with Him in doing the unpleasant thing pleasantly. Yes, fellowship with her Savior whose so few will bear to go—into the garden when the day was dark and dark night drew nigh and the cup so bitter presented itself and Calvary hove in sight.

Hers was a sweet, strong, heroic soul, loving to forgive, never speaking lightly of anyone, but esteeming others better than herself for Christ's sake. It was said of D. L. Moody that more than any other man that ever lived, did he repeat the life of his Master. Let no one reading these lines think I am simply eulogizing this good woman. I am trying to do a far greater thing—make plain the true greatness of her life. And in doing so I want to say that I have known very few, if any, that so perfectly revealed the Christ-spirit—the spirit of love, of forgiveness, of devotion to duty, of willingness to suffer without complaint.

And this leads me to say further that her life was in a peculiar sense a victorious one—victorious because of self-mastery. Probably no element was more conspicuous in her character. If we wonder at her influence over other lives, do we not find the secret here? I cannot refrain from making reference to that marvelous self-possession during the day she was hurt and all through those seven weeks of suffering. Even in the midst of the first excitement when others were in commotion, she although in intense pain, was as calm and serene as though nothing had happened, even directing others what to do. This was but the final proof of what I say—that her life was victorious because self-mastered. She is gone now, and I ask "What has she left us?" Not much perhaps of this world's goods; for she, like her Lord, possessed but little; but she did leave something vastly richer and to all who knew her of incalculable worth—the fragrance of a holy life that shall linger with us like the perfume of a garden of spices, and that shall be to us a daily inspiration to nobler things. She has left us a legacy of character that shall ever remind us of one who, under circumstances exacting and perplexing, through abounding grace, lived a victorious life.

And alas! alas! she has left us a vacant place that will be hard to fill. But I am reminded that all that she accomplished she always ascribed to the never-failing strength of Christ, and so let us take courage and believe that He who made her life abound in usefulness will raise up others to carry on her work.

But though she has left us much she has also taken much with her. Sheaves garnered from many fields, the elements of an endless life, an experience, a discipline equipping her for larger service in the cons yet to be unfolded, and the best wishes of a multitude, who have known her and toiled with her and been inspired by her, for her safe arrival in "the house of many mansions."

T. L. KIERNAN.

Study Plymouth Congregational Church.

### JOS. KRIEGER'S CHILD.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Krieger of South Morris street, died Sunday morning from infantile trouble. The funeral was held at the family home Monday morning.

### MRS. EMILY ROADS.

Emily J. Winegarner was born at Gratiot, Ohio, May 17, 1822, where she grew to womanhood. She was married to Michael Roads May 15, 1842. To this union were born five children, three of whom, two sons and one daughter, died in infancy. For several years her home has been in the West, but she came East to her husband's funeral a few weeks ago. While visiting her friend, Mrs. Rhoda Dennis, near Johnstown, Ohio, she was taken suddenly ill and died July 18, 1904. Through the skill of Mr. Winegarner of Reynoldsburg her body was kept until her son arrived from California, and her daughter from Kansas. Her funeral was conducted at Licking church, Sunday, July 25, 1904 attended by a large number of relatives and friends. She was a devoted mother and had a large place in the hearts of her children. Mrs. Emma Morrison of Centralia, A.K.S. and Dr. W. M. Roads of San Diego, Cal.

In a corner at home stands a lone, empty chair. How our aching hearts mourn at the sight of it there. And through love's social circle how many eyes weep. Be still, throbbing heart, let her sleep, let her sleep.

Those toil, weary hands, must they go to decay? Those bright silvery locks, must they soon fall away? Shall we no more know the tread of those feet? Oh, she rests from her labors, let her sleep, let her sleep.

Oh, mother, dear mother, we'll miss thee still more. As the seasons roll round, as they've rolled round before—Blessed scenes of the heart, let us bury them deep In the shrine of our hearts, let her sleep, let her sleep.

Sweet spring shall again bring its birds and its flowers, With song and with fragrance fill summer's green bowers, While over her grave, Love, her vigils shall keep—Oh, disturb not her rest, let her sleep, let her sleep. Mc.

### BENJ. DETTERLINE.

Funeral services in memory of Benjamin Detterline, who died Friday night from the effects of a fall from a haymow, Wednesday were held at 1:30 o'clock Sunday at the Arthur McCann residence, near Dresden. Burial was made in the Frazeysburg cemetery.

## LEO PRIOR

Injured While at Work In the Wehrle Foundry—Nine Stitches to Close Gaping Wound.

Leo Prior, an employee of the Wehrle stove foundry, was struck on the left side of the head Saturday by the lever of a drillpress, and sustained a very severe cut in which Dr. J. G. Bower put nine stitches to close. The man was unconscious for sometime after he was injured.

Accidents come with distressing frequency on the farm. Cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never safe without it.

## DEATH

### COMES TO LITTLE BOY INJURED BY A TRAIN SATURDAY.

A Strange Fatality Seems to Pursue the Family—Boy's Father Met With Like Accident.

Fred Fresher, the 15-year-old boy who had both legs cut off by the cars Saturday afternoon, died of his injuries at the city hospital Saturday evening, about 6 o'clock. The funeral took place from the late home on South Second street at 2 o'clock, Rev. J. C. Schindler conducting the services.

A strange fatality seems to pursue this family. Several years ago the lad's father had a leg cut off by a train at Kirtersville. His cousin, Frank T. Showman, also lost a leg in the same manner, while E. W. Showman the boy's grandfather is minus an arm which he lost in the Civil War.

## BY A FALL

Mrs. Fulk Dislocated One Shoulder and Fractured an Arm in Country Sunday.

Mrs. Fulk, aged 74, who lives with her daughter, Mrs. McGee on Orchard street, while spending the day in the country fell in a cellarway Sunday and sustained a dislocated shoulder and fractured humerus. Drs. C. F. Legge and W. H. Kruus, attended the injuries.

## FAST TIME

ON INTERURBAN IS TO BEGIN ON WEDNESDAY.

New Schedule Is to Include Four Fast Cars Between Columbus and Zanesville Daily.

Superintendent of Transportation F. A. Boutele of the C., E. L. & N., and C., N. & Z. Electric roads, has about completed the new time table which takes effect Wednesday morning at 7 o'clock. The new schedule includes the fast runs between Columbus and Zanesville, there being four cars each way every day that make the trip in two hours and a half.

## BOY'S FALL

FROM A CREEK BRIDGE TO THE WATER BELOW.

Ten-Year-Old Son of George Clouse Had a Narrow Escape From Death Sunday.

The little ten-year-old son of Mr. George Clouse had a narrow escape from death on Sunday evening. He, with a number of other boys, was playing about the B & O. bridge, which spans the North Fork of the Licking river, near the B. & O. depot, when he fell off the bridge into the water, 30 feet below. As the bed of the stream at this point is covered with large stones, it was at first thought that he had sustained injuries of a fatal nature, but an investigation showed that he had escaped comparatively unhurt.

### HAZLEWOOD.

Miss Irene Allison is visiting friends in Zanesville.

Mrs. Anne McSweeney who has been visiting friends and relatives left today for Chicago Junction, where she will visit her son before returning to Newark.

Mr. and Mrs. Heagy, of Huntington, W. Va., are visiting friends and relatives.

Miss Rafferty and Miss Thompson spent today in Columbus.

Miss Kreig who has spent the summer with her brother, J. C. Kreig, left today for her home in Cumberland, Md.

Miss Flora Campbell is the guest of Mrs. Margaret Floyd.

Mrs. A. F. Stephan and son who have been visiting in Marietta, have returned home.

### NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

The city board of examiners will conduct an examination at the high school building, on Saturday, September 3, beginning at 8.30 a. m. 16-23-30-43t.

Vogels minstrels tonight.

### No Stomach Trouble

After you take Drake's Peppermint Wine one week. Cures to stay cured. A trial bottle free if you write to Drake Formula Co., Chicago. Sold at Hall's drugstore, Newark, O.

## POLICE COURT

Two Men Were Fined \$5 Each For Fast Driving In the City—Hungarians Fined.

Frank Broadhead and Charles Ellis were fined \$5 and costs by Mayor Crilly this morning for fast driving.

Four Hungarians were arrested for raising a disturbance at their boarding house on Railroad street, and each was fined \$1 and costs.

All Four Discharged.

Mrs. Jennie Crapo, Mrs. Eliza Kramer, Ollie and Harry Kramer, who were arrested on a peace warrant issued from Mayor Crilly's court, upon the affidavit of Mrs. Emma U. James, had their hearing Saturday afternoon and were discharged.

### HAIR TORN FROM HER HEAD.

Lancaster, O., August 15.—Mrs. E. F. Antill had her hair caught in the wheel of a gas engine and it was torn from her head.

Dogfish are eating up many of the best food fishes in Maine waters and frightening away most of those that escape their ravenous maws.

A recent prize gussing contest on the number of feathers on a hen brought out one surmise of 600,060, 017. The correct number was 8,120.

Palestine is being rapidly brought up to date. The latest schemes are a tramway from Jerusalem to Bethlehem and a service of steamers on the Dead Sea.

For bruises, cuts, sprains and all painful ailments Hamlin's Wizard Oil beats anything in medicine. 50c at all druggists.

### TO THE CITIZENS OF NEWARK.

The Newark Warehouse and Storage Company beg to advise the public and our patrons that we have compiled in every way with all requirements of the Draymen's Union and made application for membership, and paid dues for each of our drivers. We are now told that they were denied membership because they failed to attend a meeting of the union held on Thursday evening, August 11, 1904. They failed to give our drivers notice of this meeting or to advise them that it was necessary for them to be present, and they had no knowledge of such meeting. We intend to comply with union rules in every respect and to become members of same in spite of a few "sore-heads" who are endeavoring to act "dirty" in the matter.

Respectfully,

NEWARK WAREHOUSE AND STORAGE COMPANY. 8-12-3t

## WHITE SEAL FLOUR

PURE—WHITE—CLEAN—WHOLESOME.

## SACRIFICE

We propose to close out the balance of our Spring and Summer Stock at a great sacrifice.

## It's Business

We will not carry over stock to next season, and of course, to do this, we must be willing to accept a loss and a most severe one, too.

We quote sacrifice prices on Men's and Boy's Suits and Single Pants.

<b>\$10</b> for fine suits that sold at \$15 and \$16 50.	Fine pants that sold at \$4, now	<b>\$3.00</b>
<b>\$7.50</b> for fine suits sold at \$12 to 15	Fine pants that sold at \$3, now	<b>\$2.25</b>
<b>\$5</b> for fine suits that sold at \$7.50 to \$10.	Fine Pants that sold at \$2, now	<b>1.50</b>

Men's \$10 Outing Suits to close at \$5.00.

Big Sacrifice on all Children's Suits.

19c for 25c Men's Light Color Shirts.

23c for 35c Negligee Shirts.

33c for 50c Negligee Shirts (2 collars.)

69c for \$1.00 Negligee Shirts.

Only a few more \$1.50 Men's Shirt

Waists to close at 25c.

See Window Display. We will save you money.

## GEO. HERMANN

No. 5 West Side Square.